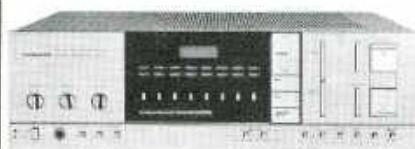


# Service Manual

## REPAIR & ADJUSTMENTS



ORDER NO.  
ARP-018-0

COMPUTER CONTROLLED  
STEREO RECEIVER

# SX-7

MODEL SX-7 COMES IN FOUR VERSIONS DISTINGUISHED AS FOLLOWS:

Type	Voltage	Remarks
KU	AC 120V only	U.S.A. model
S	AC 110V, 120V, 220V and 240V (Switchable)	General export model
S/G	AC 110V, 120, 220V and 240V (Switchable)	U.S. Military model
KC	AC 120V only	Canada model

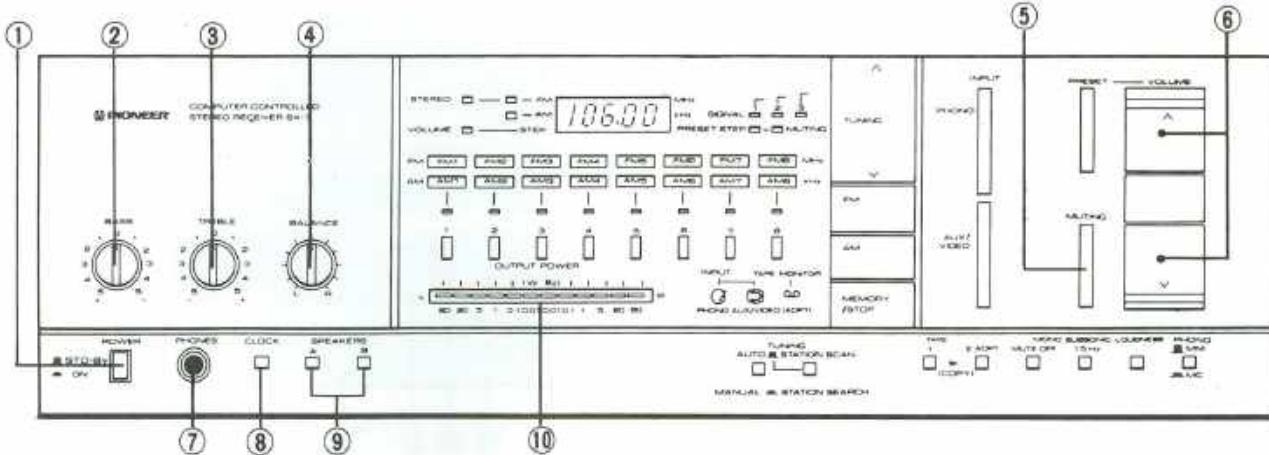
- This service manual is applicable to the KU type. When repairing the KC, S and S/G types, please see the additional service manual (ARP-019).
- For the circuit description, please refer to the model SX-7 service manual (ARP-047).
- Ce manuel d'instruction se réfère au mode de réglage, en français.
- Este manual de servicio trata del método de ajuste escrito en español.

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## 2. FRONT PANEL FACILITIES



### ① POWER switch (POWER = STAND-BY = ON)

When this switch is set to the ON (depressed) position, power is supplied to all the circuits. When set to the STAND-BY position, the power to the main circuits is cut off but still supplied to the clock. The clock continues to function until the power cord is disconnected.

*NOTE:*

*Even when the power cord has been disconnected, the STATION CALL switch and PRESET VOLUME presetting information in the memory is preserved for about two weeks.*

*When the presetting information has been erased from the memory, follow the relevant instructions and proceed with presetting again.*

### ② BASS CONTROL

Use this control to adjust the bass of the sound. When the control is moved to the right (+ direction), the bass is emphasized, and when it is moved to the left (- direction), the bass is attenuated.

### ③ TREBLE CONTROL

Use this control to adjust the treble of the sound. When the control is moved to the right (+ direction), the treble is emphasized, and when it is moved to the left (- direction), the treble is attenuated.

### ④ BALANCE CONTROL

Use the control to balance the volume of the left and right channels. If the sound appears to be louder on the right, it means that the volume of the right channel is higher. Turn the balance control to the left and adjust. Conversely, if the sound appears to be louder on the left, it means that the volume of the left channel is higher. Therefore, turn the balance control to the right and adjust.

### ⑤ MUTING SWITCH

Press this switch to attenuate the audio output indicated on the display by 25dB. There is no need to adjust the VOLUME level if you use this switch when turning down the audio output temporarily and when changing over records or tapes.

*NOTE:*

*By adjusting the VOLUME switch in combination with the MUTING switch, it is possible to adjust the volume more finely across a very wide range.*

### ⑥ VOLUME SWITCHES

Use these switches to adjust the output level to the speakers and headphones. Press the ^ switch to increase the output level. Press the v switch to attenuate the output level.

### ⑦ PHONES JACK

Plug the headphones plug into this jack when you want to listen through your stereo headphones.

Release both SPEAKERS switches if you want to listen to the sound through your headphones only.

### ⑧ CLOCK SWITCH

The time appears on the display when this switch is depressed. The display changes when a STATION CALL switch, a function switch or one of the volume switches is depressed. To adjust the time, keep this switch in the depressed position and adjust using the TUNING switch.

### ⑨ SPEAKERS SWITCHES

Depress the switch corresponding to the speakers connected to the SPEAKERS terminals (A or B) on the rear panel. "A" refers to the speakers which have been connected to the A SPEAKERS terminals on the rear panel while "B" refers to the speakers which have been connected to the B SPEAKERS terminals.

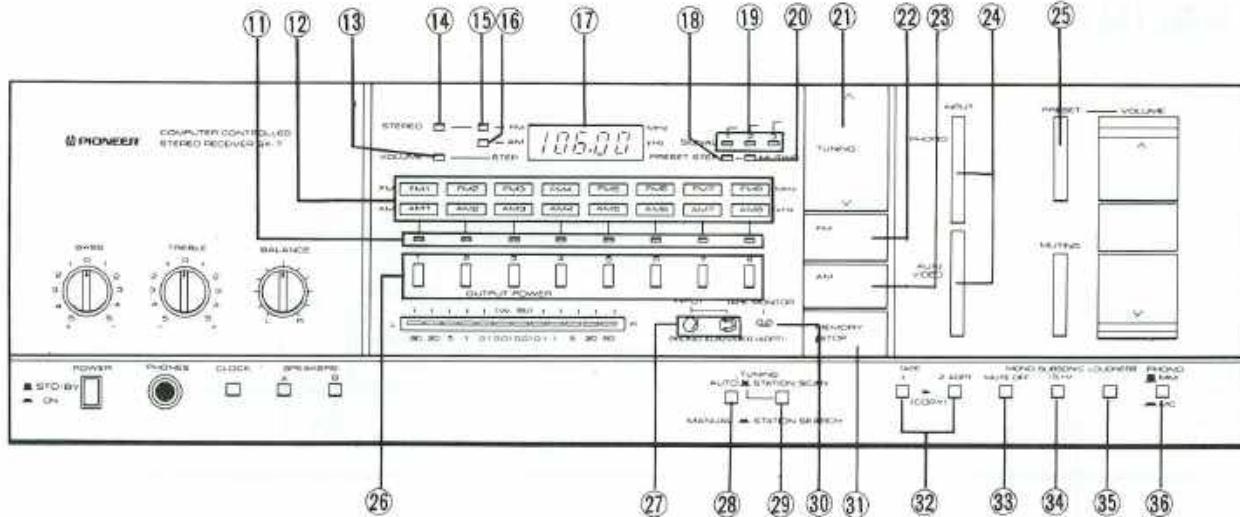
*NOTE:*

*No sound will be heard through the speakers when both the A and B switches are depressed if only one set of speakers has been connected to either the A or B SPEAKERS terminals.*

### ⑩ OUTPUT POWER METER

This meter allows you to read out the rated power level on the bar display when speakers with a nominal impedance of 8 ohms are connected to the SPEAKERS terminals.

(Continued to next page)



## ⑪ STATION INDICATORS

The indicator that corresponds to the STATION CALL switch which has been depressed lights.

**NOTE:**

*When presetting a station, all eight indicators light in sequence for about 5 seconds.*

## ⑫ STATION DISPLAY WINDOWS

Insert the frequency cards of the broadcasting stations which have been preset into the STATION CALL switches.

## ⑬ VOLUME STEP INDICATOR

This lights when the volume steps are indicated on the display.

## ⑭ FM STEREO INDICATOR

This lights when receiving an FM stereo program.

## ⑮ FM INDICATOR

## ⑯ AM INDICATOR

## ⑰ DISPLAY

This indicates the broadcasting frequency when a station has been tuned in; otherwise, it indicates the volume steps with the reproduction of the program source.

**NOTE:**

*When the power is switched on, the volume step display blinks to indicate the volume level. After blinking, the volume step lights or the frequency is displayed.*

*When the power is switched off, the present time is displayed.*

## ⑱ PRESET STEP INDICATOR

This lights when the sound reaches the preset volume level.

**NOTE:**

*When presetting the volume level, the display blinks for about 5 seconds to indicate that the volume level may now be preset.*

## ⑲ SIGNAL INDICATOR

This indicator lights in sequence from 1 to 3 during the tuning of an AM or FM broadcast in accordance with the strength of the signals being received. The optimum tuning point is where the maximum number of indicators lights.

## ⑳ MUTING INDICATOR

This lights when the MUTING switch is pressed.

## ㉑ TUNING SWITCH

This switch is used to tune in the station.

Depress the  $\wedge$  part to tune in a station with a higher frequency than that on the display; depress the  $\vee$  part to tune in a station with a lower frequency.

**NOTE:**

*For further details on the tuning, refer to the ㉘ AUTO/MANUAL SELECTOR.*

## ㉒ FM SWITCH

Depress this switch for FM reception.

## ㉓ AM SWITCH

Depress this switch for AM reception.

## ㉔ INPUT SELECTOR

PHONO: Press this switch when playing a record on the turntable connected to the PHONO jacks.

AUX/VIDEO: Press this switch when listening to an audio component connected to the AUX/VIDEO jacks.

## ② PRESET-VOLUME SWITCH

This is depressed when the volume level is to be set to the preset level (the PRESET STEP indicator lights). When presetting the volume level, depress the MEMORY/STOP switch with the volume level still indicated on the display, and then depress the PRESET-VOLUME switch.

## ③ STATION CALL SWITCHES

These are pressed to call out preset broadcasting stations and to preset the station.

To call out a station, first set the desired frequency band using the FM or AM switches and then press the desired switch.

## ④ INPUT INDICATORS

These light when the INPUT (PHONO or AUX/VIDEO) switch is pressed.

## ⑤ AUTO/MANUAL SELECTOR

This is used to select the reception mode.

**AUTO (released position):** Auto tuning is selected in accordance with the position selected by the STATION SCAN/STATION SEARCH selector on the right.

**MANUAL (depressed position):** For manual tuning

Depress the TUNING switch and tune in the station manually. Each time the TUNING switch is depressed, the frequency changes in 100kHz steps during FM reception and in 9kHz or 10kHz steps during AM reception in accordance with the position of the AM CHANNEL STEP switch. When the TUNING switch is kept depressed, the frequency is continuously scanned. Tuning stops when the upper or lower limit of the frequency band is reached.

## ⑥ STATION SCAN/STATION SEARCH SELECTOR

This is used to select the auto tuning mode when the AUTO/MANUAL selector switch on the left is at AUTO.

**STATION SCAN:** When the TUNING switch is depressed, the broadcasting stations start to be scanned and this procedure stops once a station has been picked up. The program of that station is heard for about 5 seconds. The tuning operation then resumes and sound is heard in the same way. Each of the stations is thus picked up in turn.

When the MEMORY/STOP switch is depressed once you hear the sound of the desired program, the tuning operation stops and the unit is set to the reception mode.

**STATION SEARCH:** When the TUNING switch is depressed, the broadcasting stations start to be scanned, but this operation stops once a station has been picked up and the unit is set to the reception mode. Depress the TUNING switch if the station picked up is not the one desired. The tuning operation now starts over again.

## ⑦ TAPE MONITOR INDICATOR

This lights when the TAPE (1 or 2/ADPT) switches are depressed.

## ⑧ MEMORY/STOP SWITCH

This switch is used to preset the broadcasting stations into the STATION CALL switches or to preset the desired volume level into the PRESET-VOLUME switch.

This switch is also used to stop the tuning operation during the STATION SEARCH or STATION SCAN functions.

## ⑨ TAPE SWITCHES

1: Depress this switch to monitor the recording or playback of a tape on the tape deck connected to the TAPE 1 jacks (REC and PLAY).

2/ADPT: This is depressed when using a tape deck or adaptor unit connected to the rear panel TAPE 2/ADAPTOR jacks.

### NOTE:

*Depress switch 1 and release switch 2/ADPT when dubbing a tape in the deck connected to the TAPE 1 jacks onto a tape in the deck connected to the TAPE 2/ADAPTOR jacks.*

## ⑩ MONO MUTE OFF SWITCH

The sound is heard in mono when this switch is set to the depressed position. Normally, the switch is kept at the released position. During FM or AM reception, the noise is reduced and reception is made clear. When the station is distant and its signals are weak, depress the switch and tune in the station manually.

## ⑪ SUBSONIC SWITCH

The subsonic filter with the 15Hz cut-off frequency is actuated when this switch is depressed. This filter serves to attenuate the frequencies lower than 15Hz with a 6dB/oct. slope and, therefore, it can be used to suppress the ultra-low-range noise which is generated by record warp and other factors. This noise cannot actually be heard by the ear but it can cause cross modulation distortion and even speaker damage. Use this switch when required during record play.

## ⑫ LOUDNESS SWITCH

When listening to a performance with the VOLUME level is low, depress this switch and the bass and treble will be accentuated.

When the volume is low, the human ear finds it harder to hear the bass and treble than when the volume is high. The LOUDNESS switch is thus designed to compensate for this deficiency.

## ⑬ PHONO MM/MC SWITCH

This switch can be set to the position corresponding to the type of cartridge which you are using for record play.

■ MM: For moving magnet cartridges

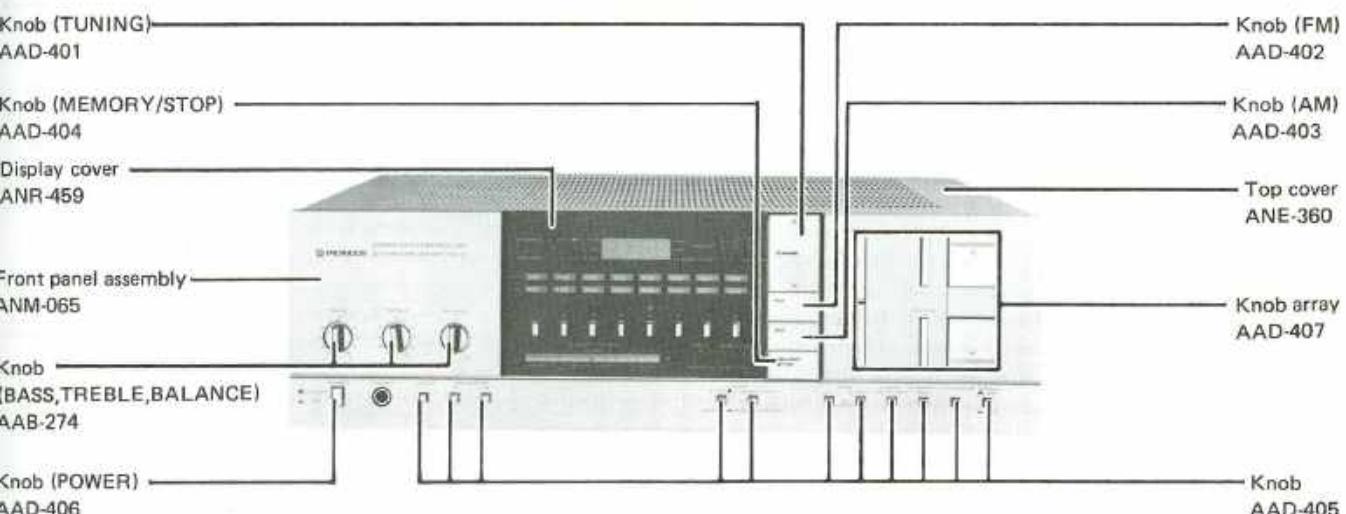
■ MC: For moving coil cartridges

### 3. PARTS LOCATION

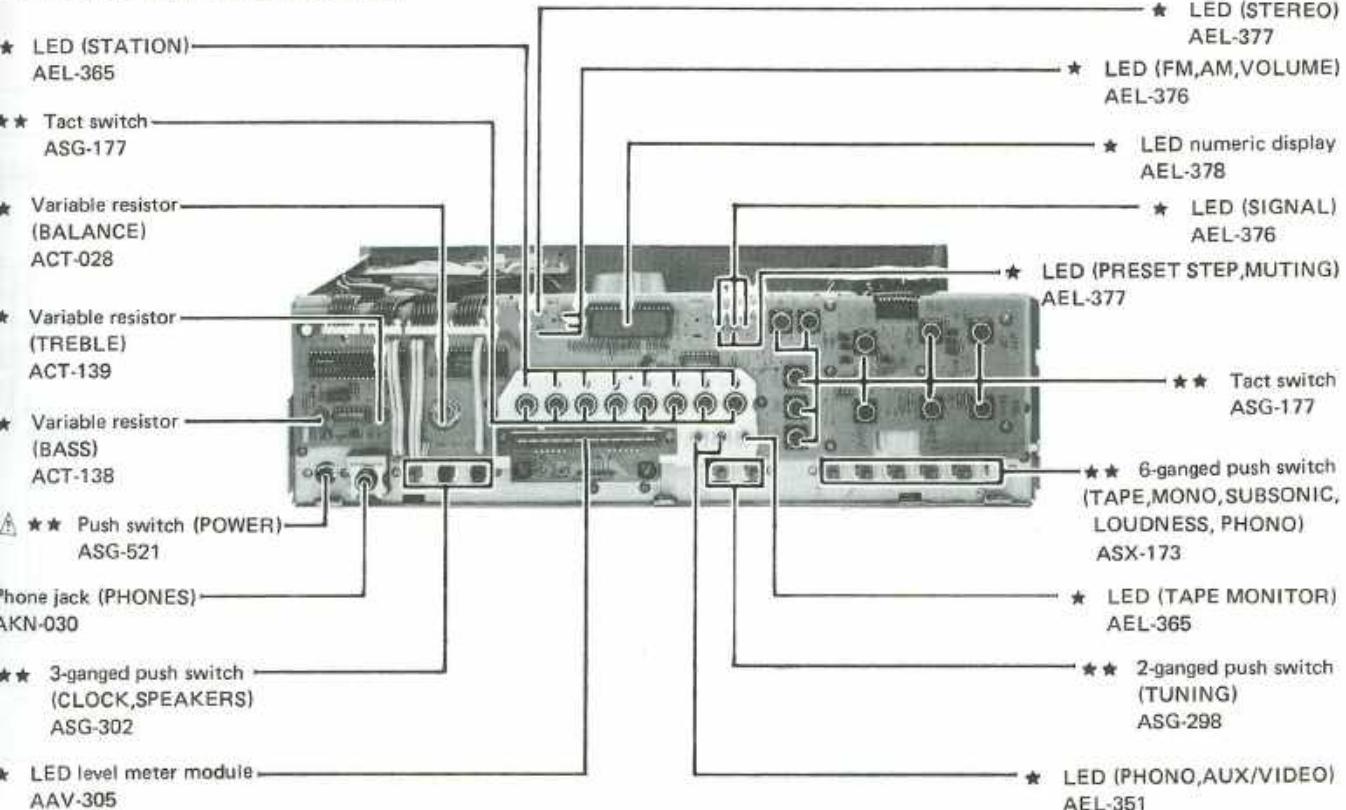
#### NOTES:

- The mark found on some component parts indicates the importance of the safety factor of the part. Therefore, when replacing, be sure to use parts of identical designation.
- For your Parts Stock Control, the fast moving items are indicated with the marks **★★** and **★**.  
**★★ GENERALLY MOVES FASTER THAN ★**  
 This classification shall be adjusted by each distributor because it depends on model number, temperature, humidity, etc.

#### Front Panel View

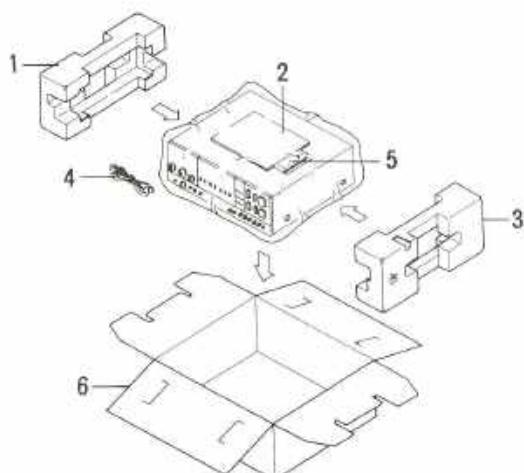


#### Front View with Panel Removed

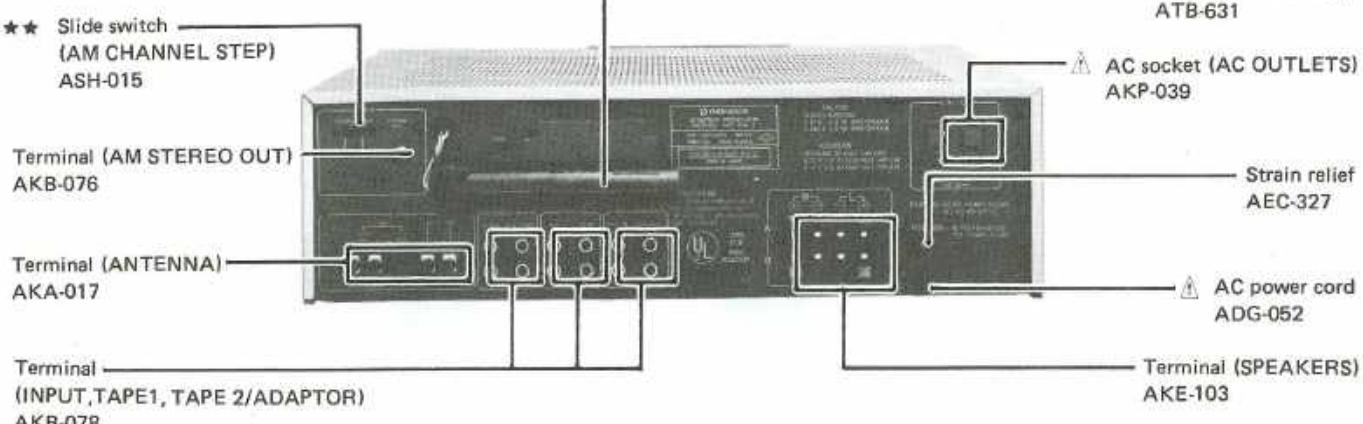


## 4. PACKING

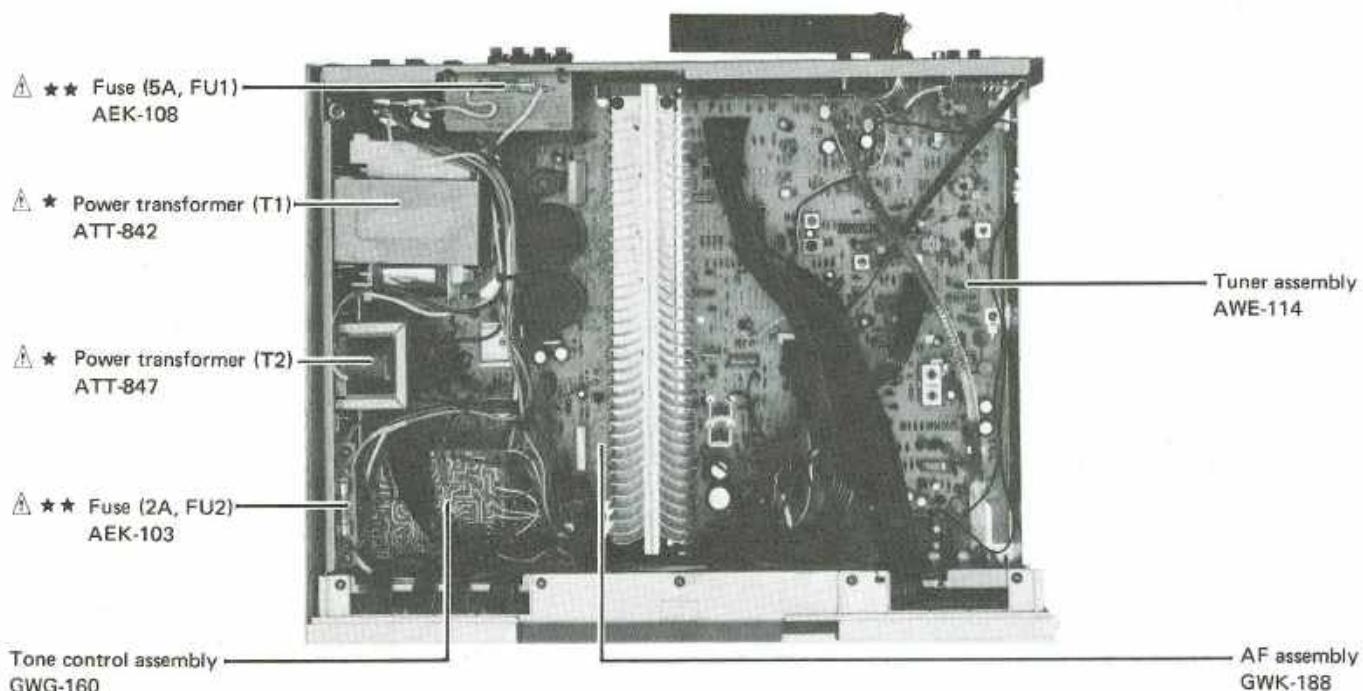
Mark	No.	Part No.	Description
	1.	AHA-300	Side pad L
	2.	ARB-442	Operating instructions
	3.	AHA-301	Side pad R
	4.	ADH-004	T-type FM antenna
	5.	AAN-028	Station card set
	6.	AHD-960	Packing case



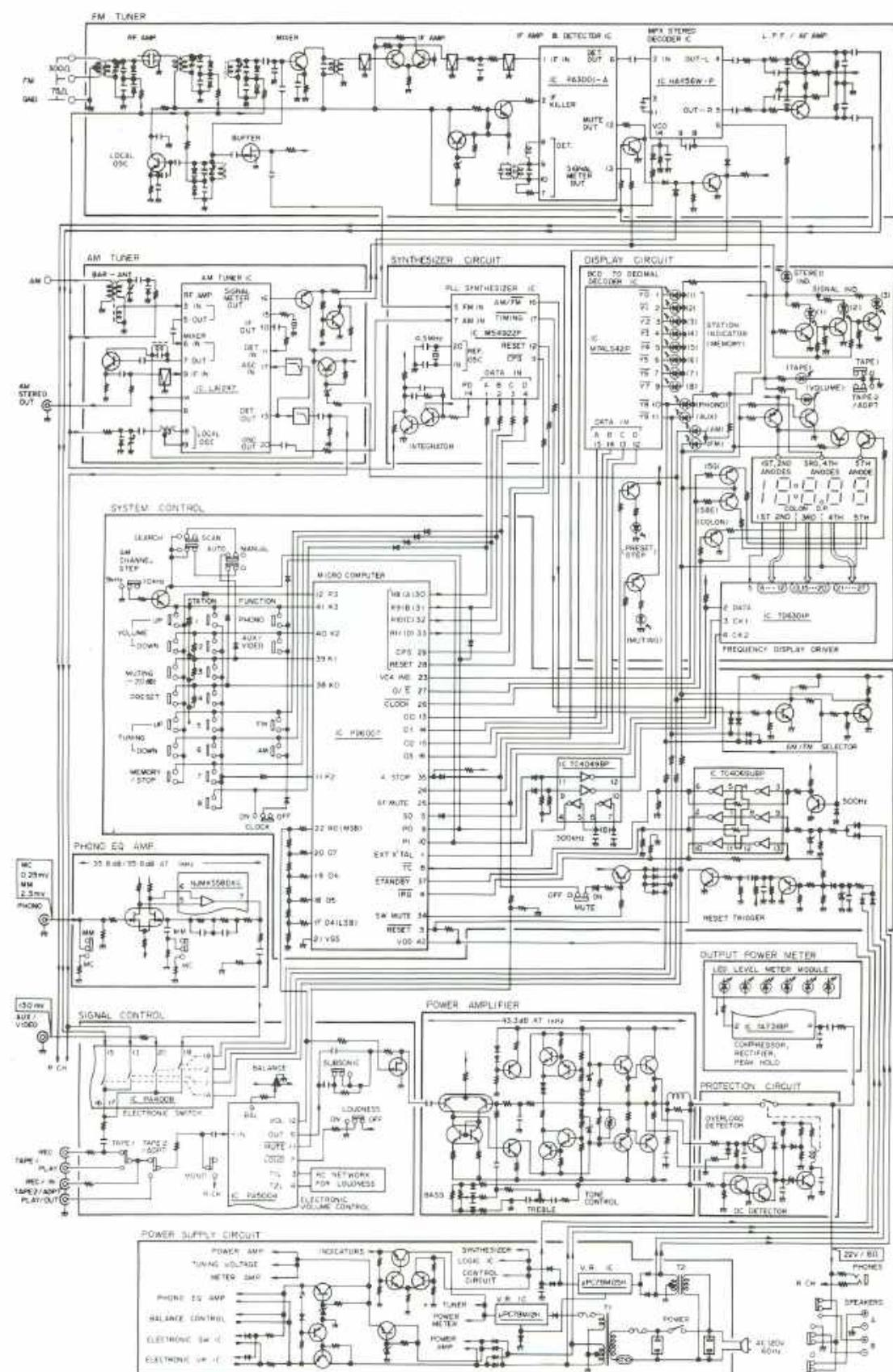
### Rear Panel View



### Top View



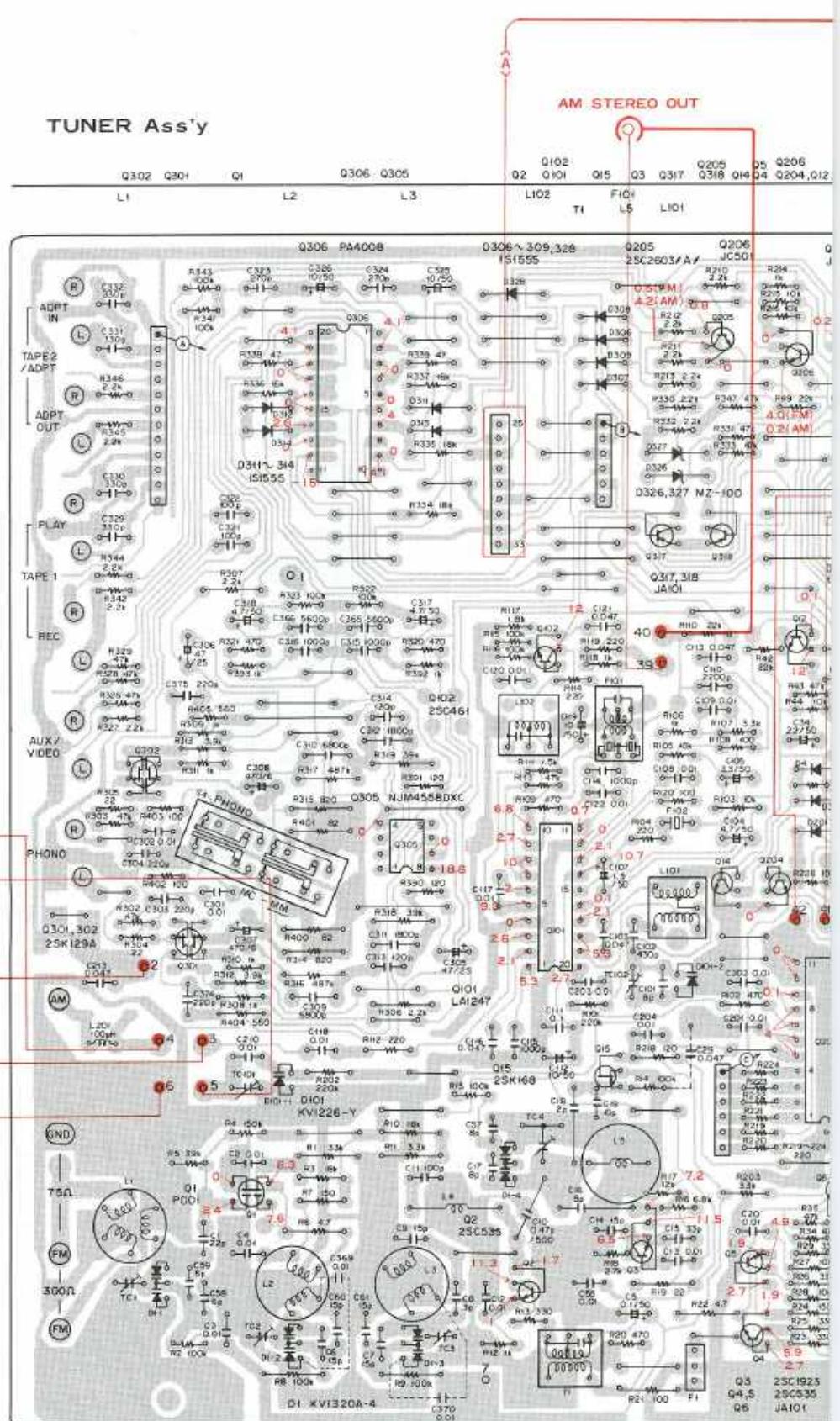
## 5. BLOCK DIAGRAM



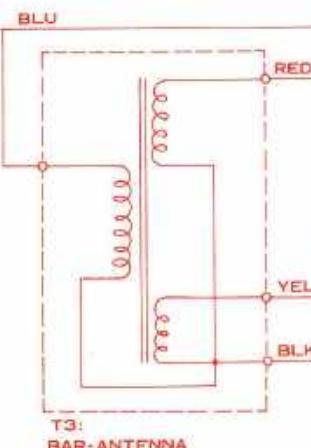
## 6. P.C.BOARDS CONNECTION DIAGRAM

A

## TUNER Ass'y

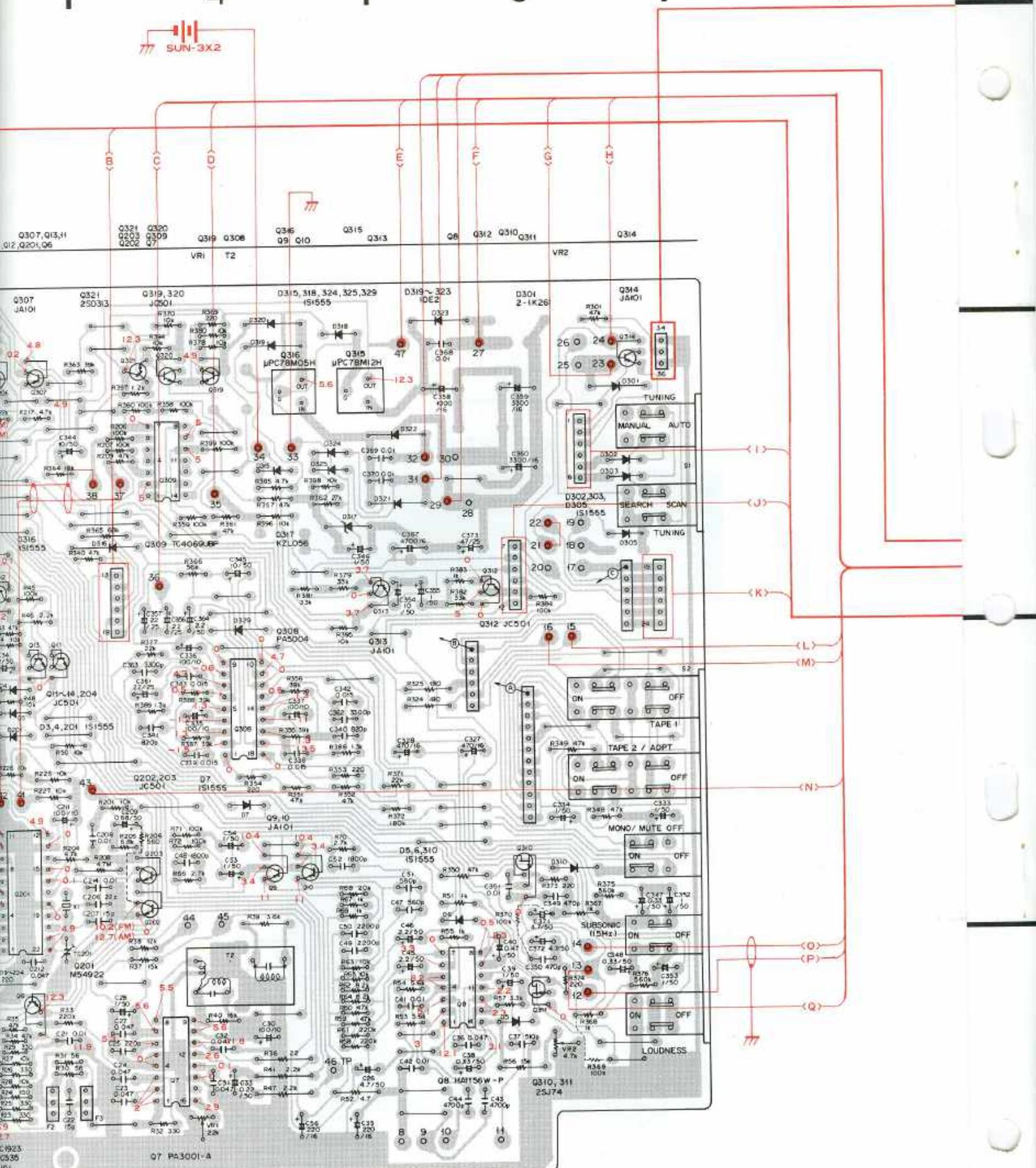


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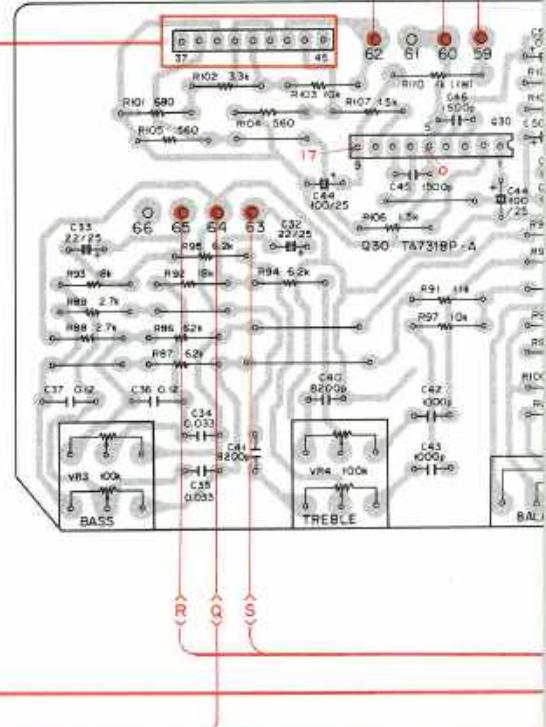
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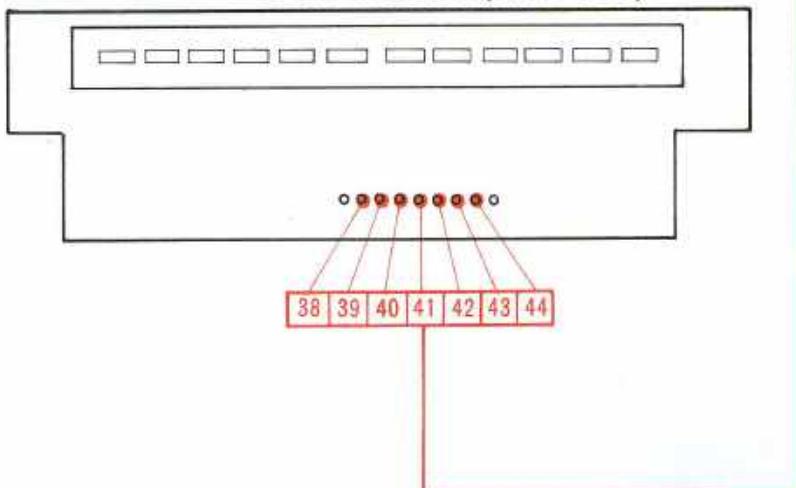




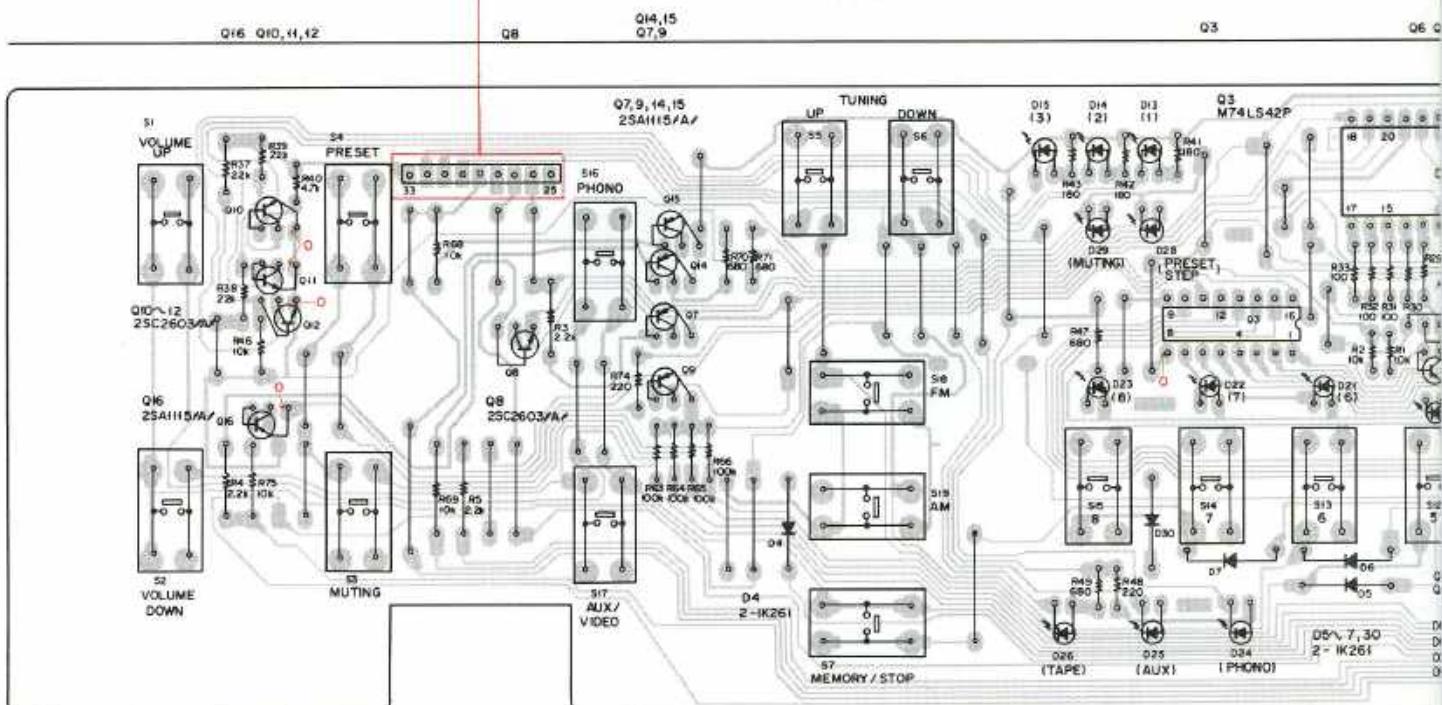
TONE CONTROL Ass'y  
(GWG-160)

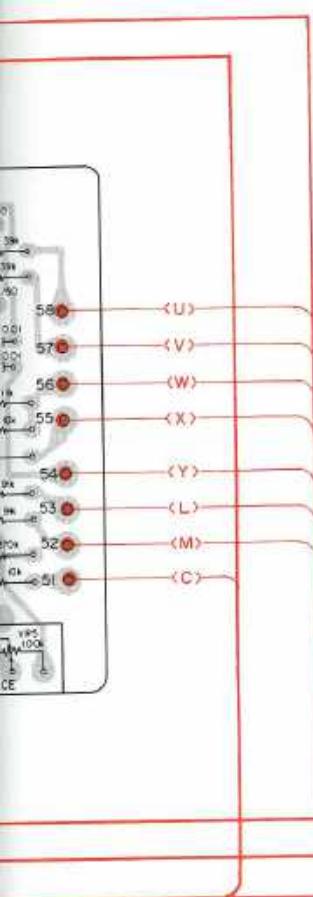


LEVEL METER MODULE(AAV-305)



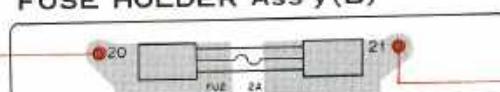
CONTROL Ass'y (AWX-223)



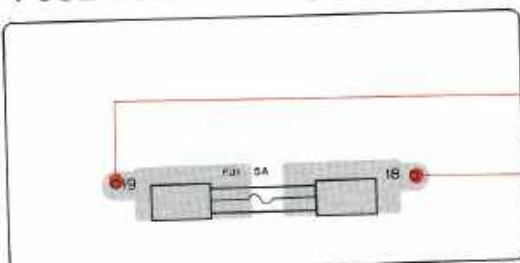


11 12

FUSE HOLDER Ass'y(B)



FUSE HOLDER Ass'y(A)



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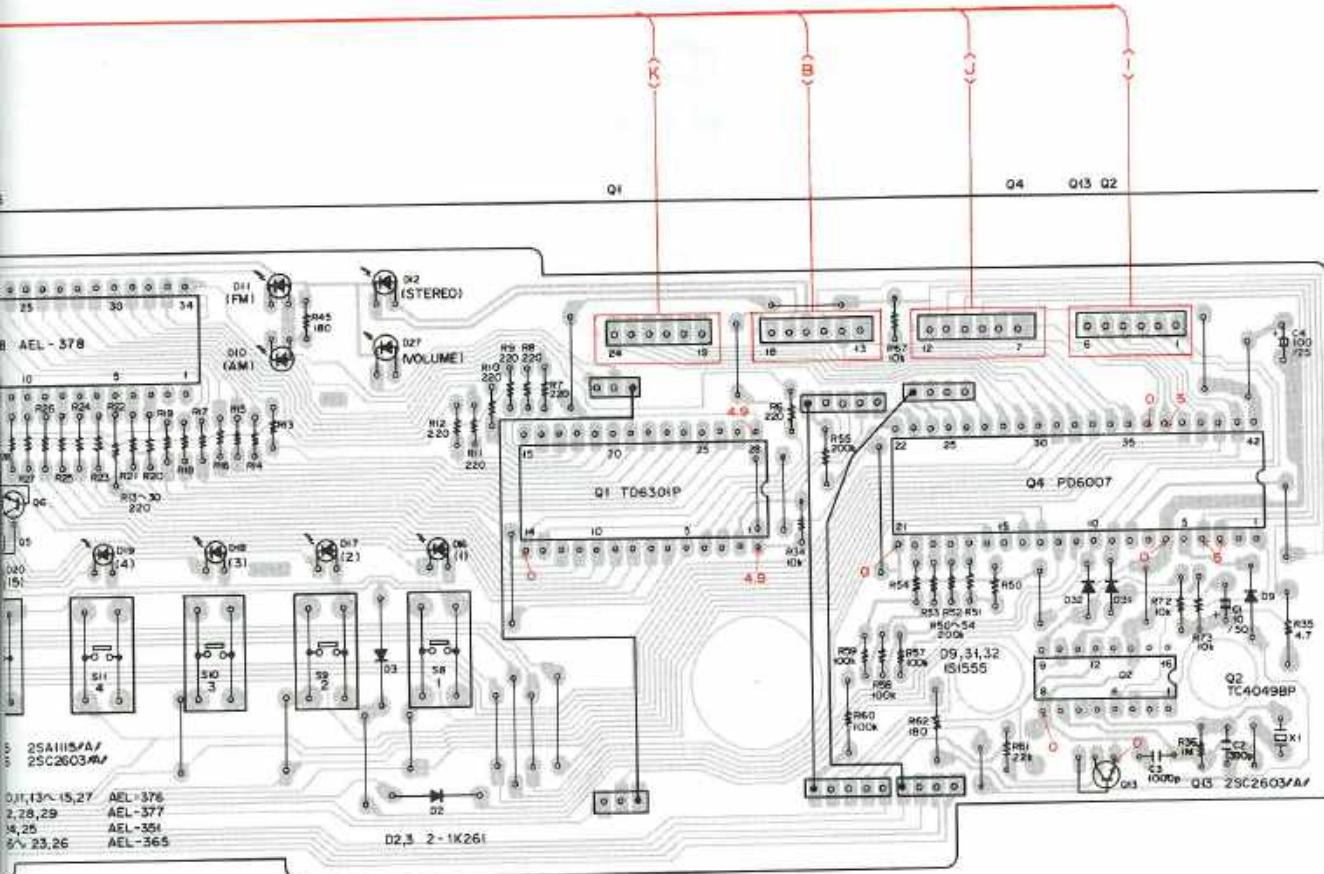
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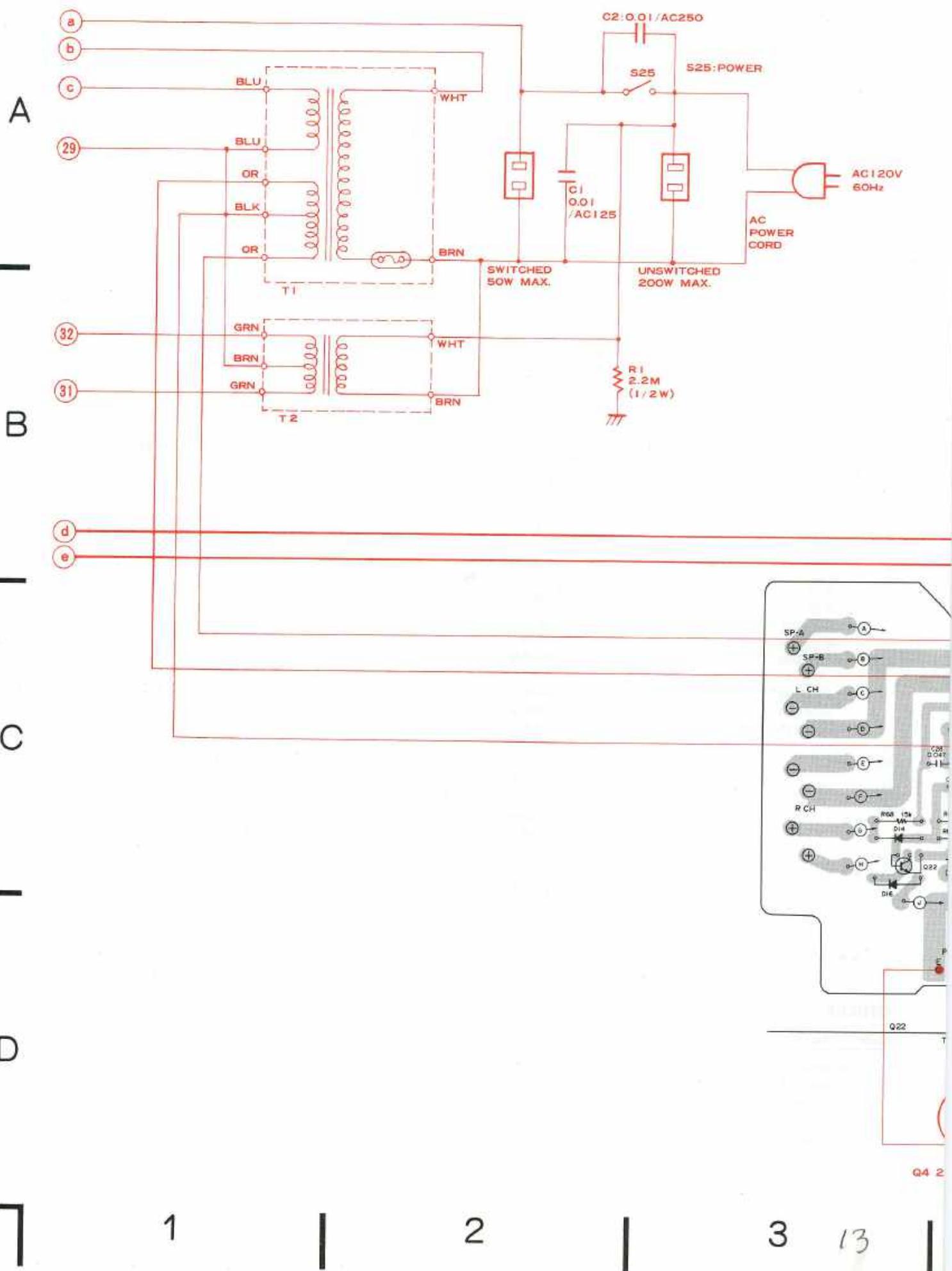
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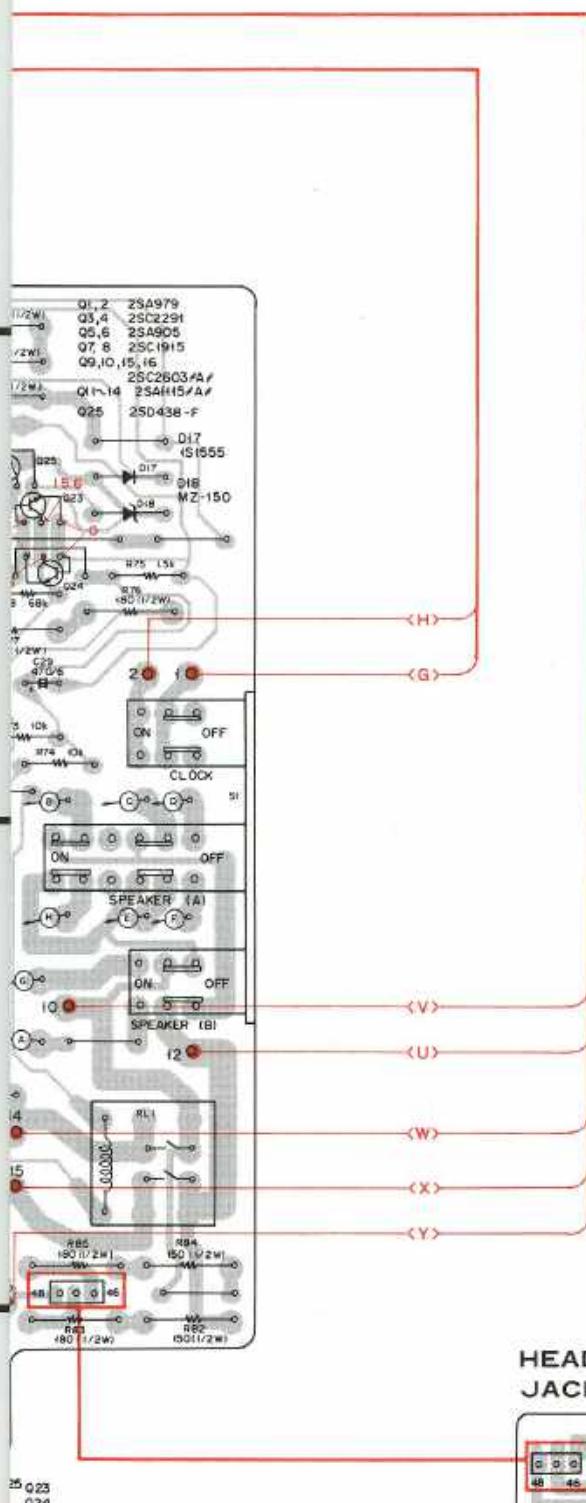
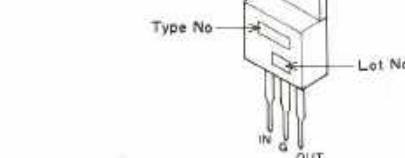
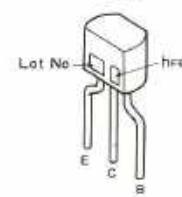
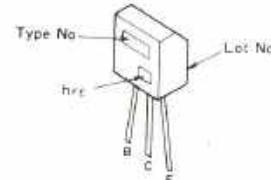
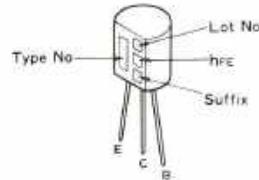
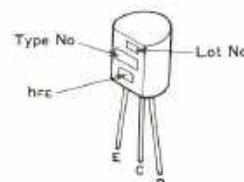
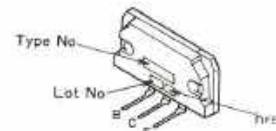
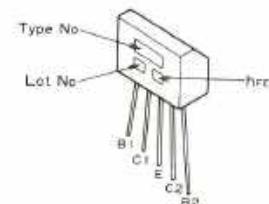
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12



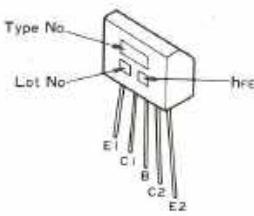


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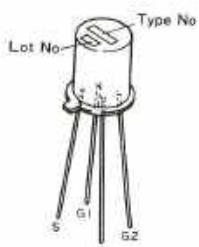
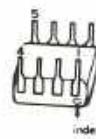
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2SC2525/A/****2SA979**

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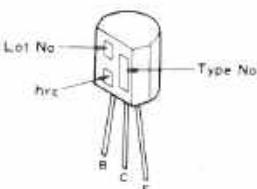
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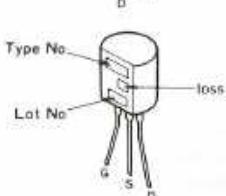
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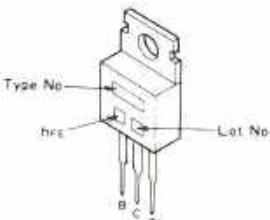
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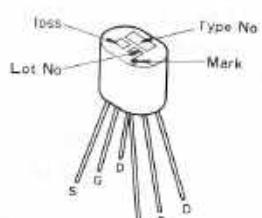
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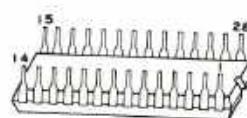
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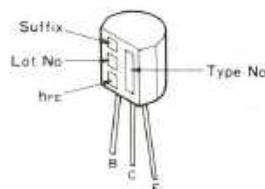
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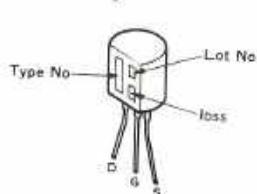
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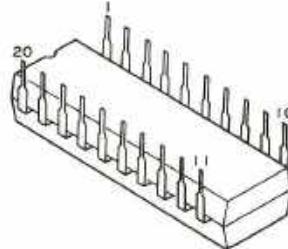
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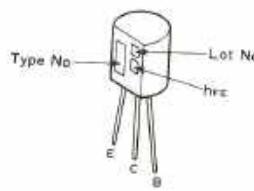
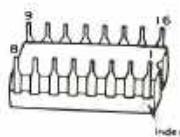
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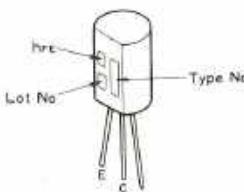
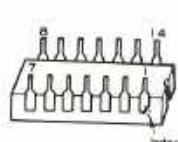
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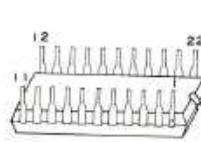
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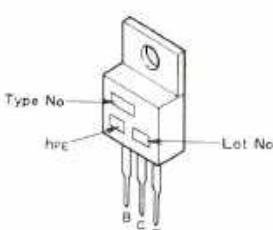
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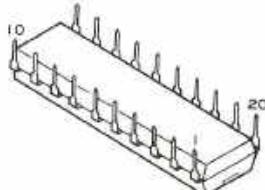
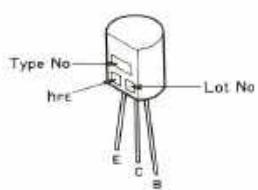
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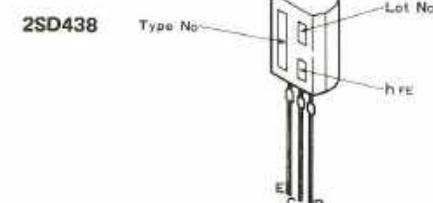
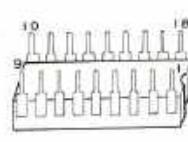
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LA1247

JA101  
JC501

PA5004





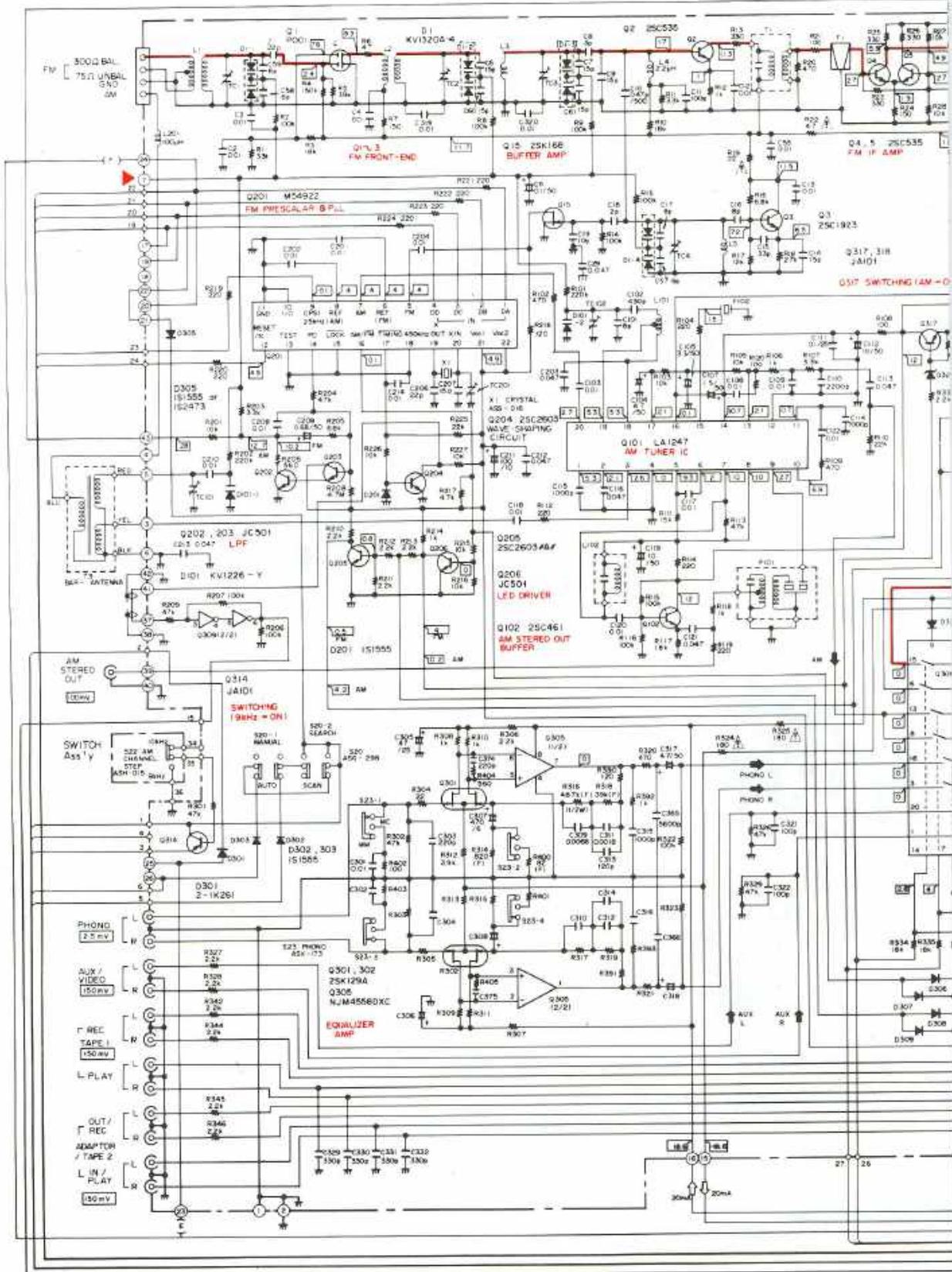


Mark	Part No.	Symbol & Description	Mark	Part No.	Symbol & Description
CEA 220M 25L	C34,C356,C357,C361		ACM-014	TC1-TC3	Ceramic trimmer
CEA 470M 25L	C305,C306,C373		ACM-006	TC4	Ceramic trimmer
CEA 101M 10L	C30,C211,C335-C337		ACM-015	TC101,TC102	Ceramic trimmer
CEA 221M 16L	C35,C56		ACM-017	TC201	Ceramic trimmer
CEA 471M 6L	C307,C308				
CEA 471M 16L	C327,C328				
CEA 102M 25L	C358				
CEA 332M 16L	C359,C360				
CEA 472M 6L	C367				
CCDCH 020C 50	C18				
CCDCH 030C 50	C8		★ ACP-056	VR1	Semi-fixed(22k-B)
CCDRH 060D 50	C58,C59		★ C92-051	VR2	Semi-fixed (4.7k-B)
CCDTH 080D 50	C16,C17,C57,C101		RD1/4PMF □□□J	R19, R22, R36, R52, R324, R325	
CCDSL 121J 50	C313,C314		RN1/4PQ □□□□F	R39, R56, R314, R315, R318, R319, R400, R401	
CCDCH 100D 50	C19		RD1/4PM □□□J	R1, R6, R8-R11, R21, R41, R47, R208, R228, R306, R307, R335, R349, R350, R406, R407	
CCDCH 150J 50	C9,C207		RN1/2PQ □□□□F	R316,R317	
CCDRH 150J 50	C6,C7,C14,C60,C61		RD1/8PM □□□J	R2-R5, R7, R12-R18, R20, R23-R35, R37, R38, R40, R42-R46, R48-R51, R53, R55, R57-R72, R101-R120, R201-R207, R209-R227, R301-R305, R308-R313, R320-R323, R326-R334, R336-R348,R351-R373,R375-R405	
CCDCH 220J 50	C206		RD1/4VM □□□J	R374	
CCDSL 221J 50	C303,C304				
CCDSL 150J 50	C22				
CCDSL 101J 50	C11,C321,C322				
CCDSL 220J 50	C1				
CCDSL 221J 50	C25,C374,C375				
CCDSL 271J 50	C323,C324				
CKDYB 561K 50	C47,C51				
CKDYB 102K 50	C114,C115				
CKDYB 182K 50	C48,C52				
CKDYB 222K 50	C49,C50,C110				
CKDYB 331K 50	C329-C332				
CKDYB 471K 50	C349,C350		★★ JA101 (2SA733A)	Q6, Q9, Q10, Q307, Q313, Q314	
CKDYB 821K 50	C340,C341		(2SA1115/A/)	Q317,Q318	
CKDYB 332K 50	C362,C363		★★ 2SC461	Q102	
CKDYF 103Z 50	C2-C4, C12, C13, C20, C21, C55 C108, C109, C117, C118, C120, C122, C201-C204, C208, C210, C319,C320,C351		★★ 2SC535 ★★ 2SC1923	Q2,Q4,Q5 Q3	
CKDYF 473Z 50	C23, C24, C27, C29, C31, C32, C36, C103,C116,C121,C212,C213		★★ JC501 (2SC945A) (2SC2603/A/)	Q11-Q14, Q202-Q204,Q206,Q312, Q319,Q210	
CKDYX 104M 25	C111,C205		★★ P001	Q1	
ACG-019	C368-C370 Ceramic(0.01/AC150V)		★★ 2SJ74-BL* (2SJ74-V*)	Q310,Q311	
CGB R47K 500	C10				
CQSA 431J 50	C102		* IDSS of Q310 and Q311 should have the same value.		
CQSA 511J 50	C37		★★ 2SK129A	Q301,Q302	
CQMA 562K 50	C365,C366		★★ 2SC2603/A-F	Q205	
CQMA 153K 50	C338,C339,C342,C343		★★ 2SD313 (2SD880)	Q321	
CQMA 473K 50	C113		★★ 2SK168	Q15	
CQMA 103J 50	C41,C42,C214				
CQMA 472K 50	C43,C44		★★ LA1247	Q101	
CQMA 182J 50	C311,C312		★★ HA1156W-P	Q8	
CQMA 682J 50	C309,C310		★★ PA3001-A	Q7	
CQMA 103J 50	C301,C302		★★ PA4008	Q306	
CQMA 102K 50	C315,C316		★★ M54922 ★★ PA5004	Q201 Q308	
			★★ NJM4558DXC (μPC4558C-P)	Q305	

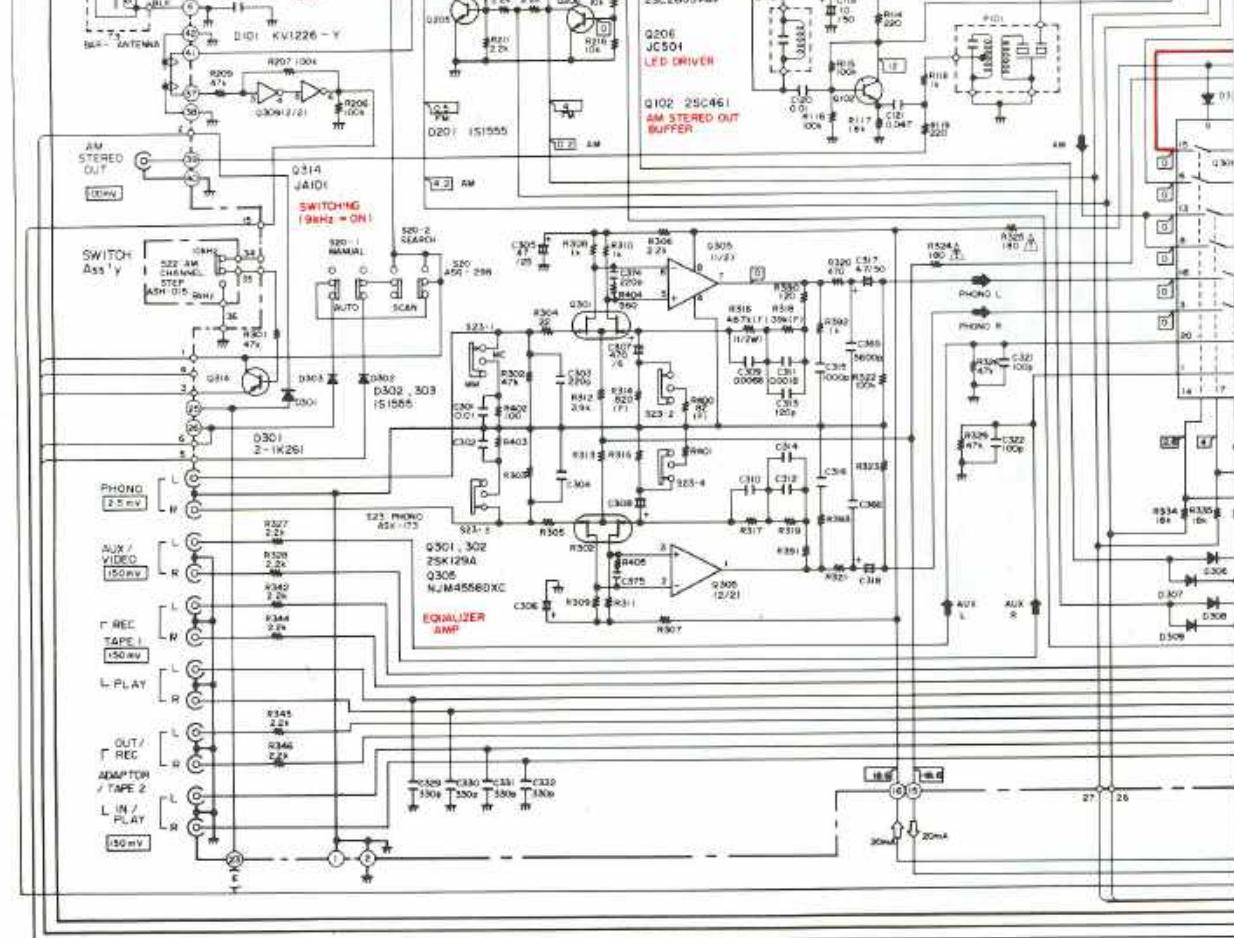
Mark	Part No.	Symbol & Description	Control Assembly (AWX-223)		
			CAPACITORS		
Mark	Part No.	Symbol & Description			
★★	μPC78M05H	Q316	CEA 100M 50L	C1	
★★	μPC78M12H	Q315	CKDYB 391K 50	C2	
★★	TC4069UBP	Q309	CKDYB 102K 50	C3	
★	MZ-100 (WZ-100)	D326,D327	CEA 101M 25L	C4	
★	2-1K261	D301			
★	10E2 (SIB01-02)	D319-D323			
			RESISTORS		
			NOTE: When ordering resistors, convert the resistance value into code form, and then rewrite the part no. as before.		
★	1S1555 (1S2473)	D3-D7,D201, D302, D303, D305–D316, D318, D324,D325,D328,D329	Mark	Part No.	Symbol & Description
★	KV1320A-4	D1		RD1/8PM □□□J	R1, R2, R6–R21, R23–R29, R32– R43, R45, R46, R48–R55, R57– R59, R61, R63–R67, R70–R74
★	KV1226-Y	D101		RD1/4PM □□□J	R3–R5, R22, R30, R31, R47, R60, R62, R68, R69, R75
				RD1/4PMF □□□J	R35
			SEMICONDUCTORS		
Mark	Part No.	Symbol & Description	Mark	Part No.	Symbol & Description
ATC-141	L1	FM ANT. coil	★★	TD6301P	Q1
ATC-142	L2	FM RF coil	★★	TD4049BP	Q2
ATC-114	L3	FM RF coil	★★	M74LS42P	Q3
ATH-049	L4	RF choke coil	★★	PD6007	Q4
ATC-115	L5	FM osc. coil	★★	2SA1115/A/	Q5,Q7,Q14,Q15
ATB-067	L101	AM osc. coil	★★	2SC2603/A/	Q6,Q8,Q10–Q13
ATB-068	L102	AM IF coil	★★	2SA1115/A/-F	Q9,Q16
T24-030	L201	Inductor	★	2-1K261	D2–D7,D30
ATE-039	T1	FM IF transformer	★	AEL-378	D8 LED numeric display
ATE-043	T2	FM det. transformer	★	1S1555 (1S2473)	D9,D31,D32
ATF-107	F1-F3	FM ceramic filter	★	AEL-376	D10,D11,D13–D15,D27 LED(Green)
ATF-121	F101	AM ceramic filter	★	AEL-377	D12,D28,D29 LED (Red)
★ ATF-125	F102	Ceramic resonator	★	AEL-365	D16–D23,D26 LED (Red)
			★	AEL-351	D24,D35 LED (Green)
			OTHERS		
Mark	Part No.	Symbol & Description	Mark	Part No.	Symbol & Description
★★	ASG-298	S1 2-ganged push switch (AUTO/MANUAL, SCAN/ SEARCH)	★	ASS-017	X1 Ceramic resonator
★★	ASX-173	S2 6-ganged push switch (TAPE,MONO,SUBSONIC, LOUDNESS) (MM/MC-remote)	★★	ASG-177	S1–S19 Tact switch
★★	ASX-175	S4 Remote slide switch (MM/MC)			
			OTHERS		
Mark	Part No.	Symbol & Description			
★	ASS-016	X1 Crystal resonator			
	AKA-017	Terminal (ANTENNA)			
	AKB-078	Terminal ( INPUT,TAPE 1, TYPE 2/ADAPTOR)			
	VBZ30P060FMC	Screw 3x6			

## 8. SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

A



B



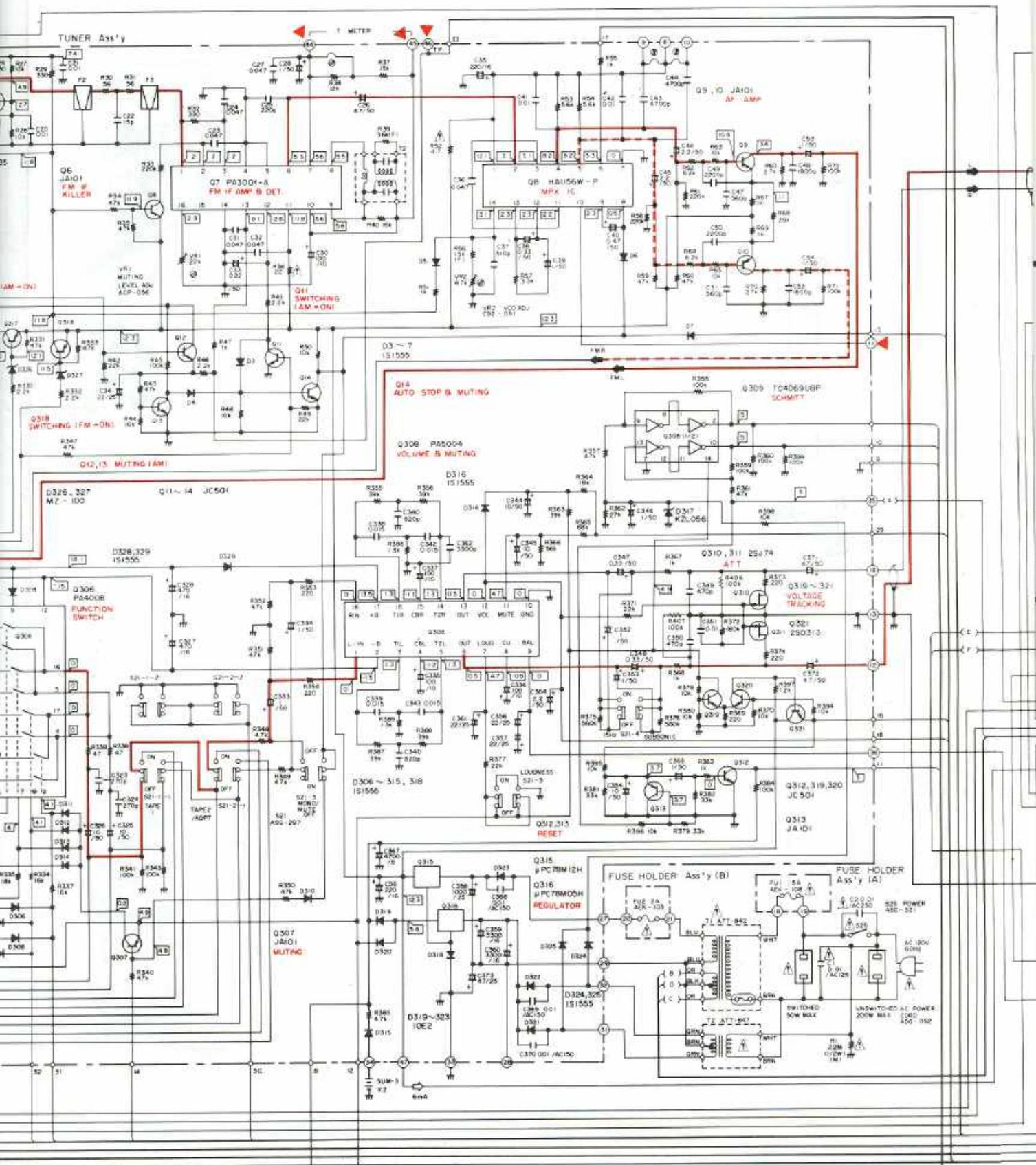
C

**RESISTORS:**  
Indicated in Ω, 1/4W, 1% tolerance unless otherwise noted. K = kΩ.  
M = MΩ (F) ± 1%, (G) ± 2%, (K) ± 10% JMF ± 20% tolerance.

**CAPACITORS:**  
Indicated in capacity (μF/voltage (V)) unless otherwise noted. pF = pF  
Indication without voltage is 50V except electrolytic capacitor.

**VOLTAGE, CURRENT:**  
Signal voltage at 60 W = 50 W = 80 W  
DC voltage (V) at no input signal  
Value in ( ) is DC voltage at rated power  
G = mA DC current at no input signal

D

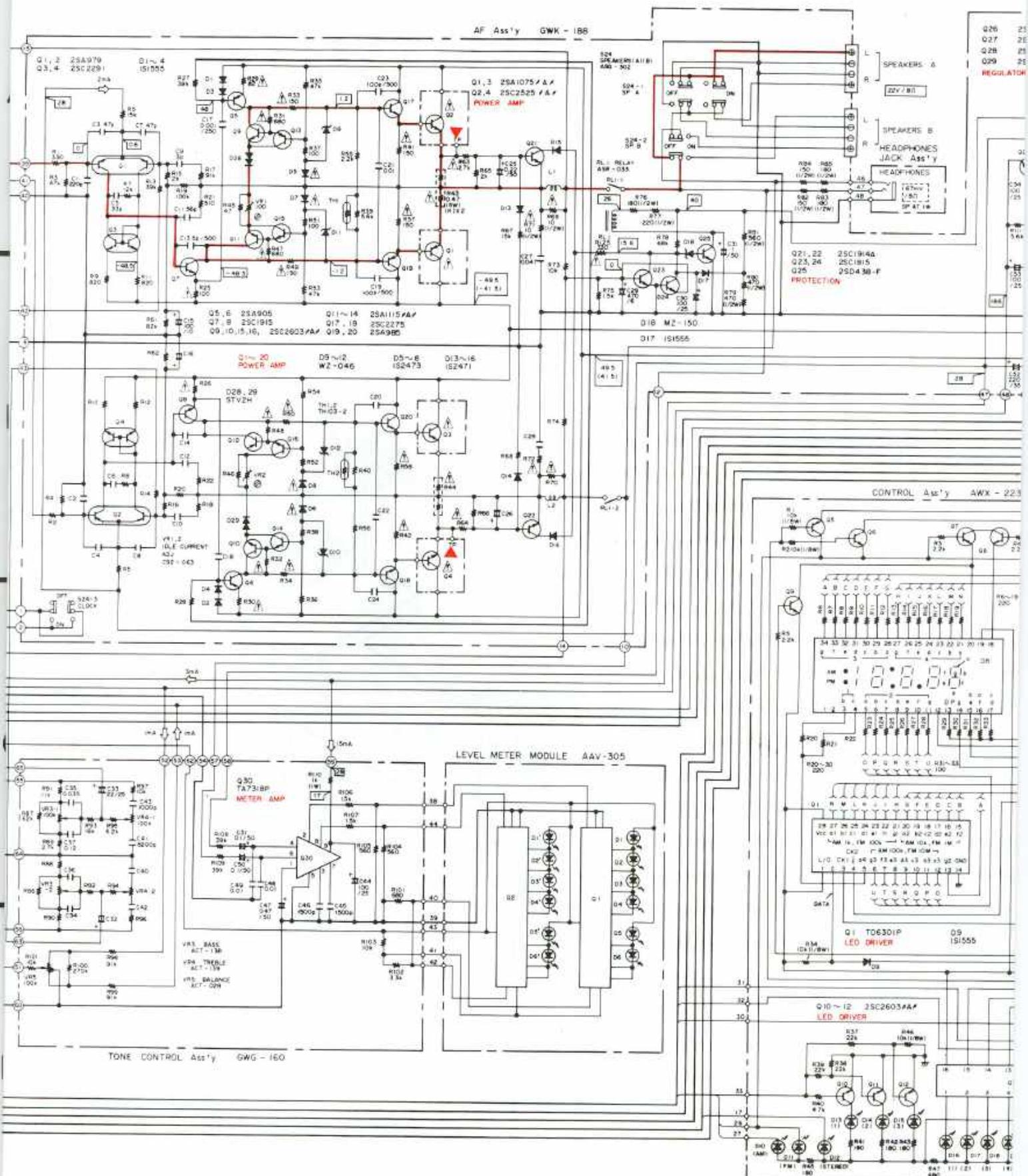


## 4 OTHERS

- Signal route
- ◎ Adjusting point

The ▲ mark found on some component parts indicates the importance of the safety factor of the part. Therefore, when replacing be sure to use parts of identical designation.

This is the basic schematic diagram, but the actual circuit may vary due to improvements in design.



A A

B B

C C

D D

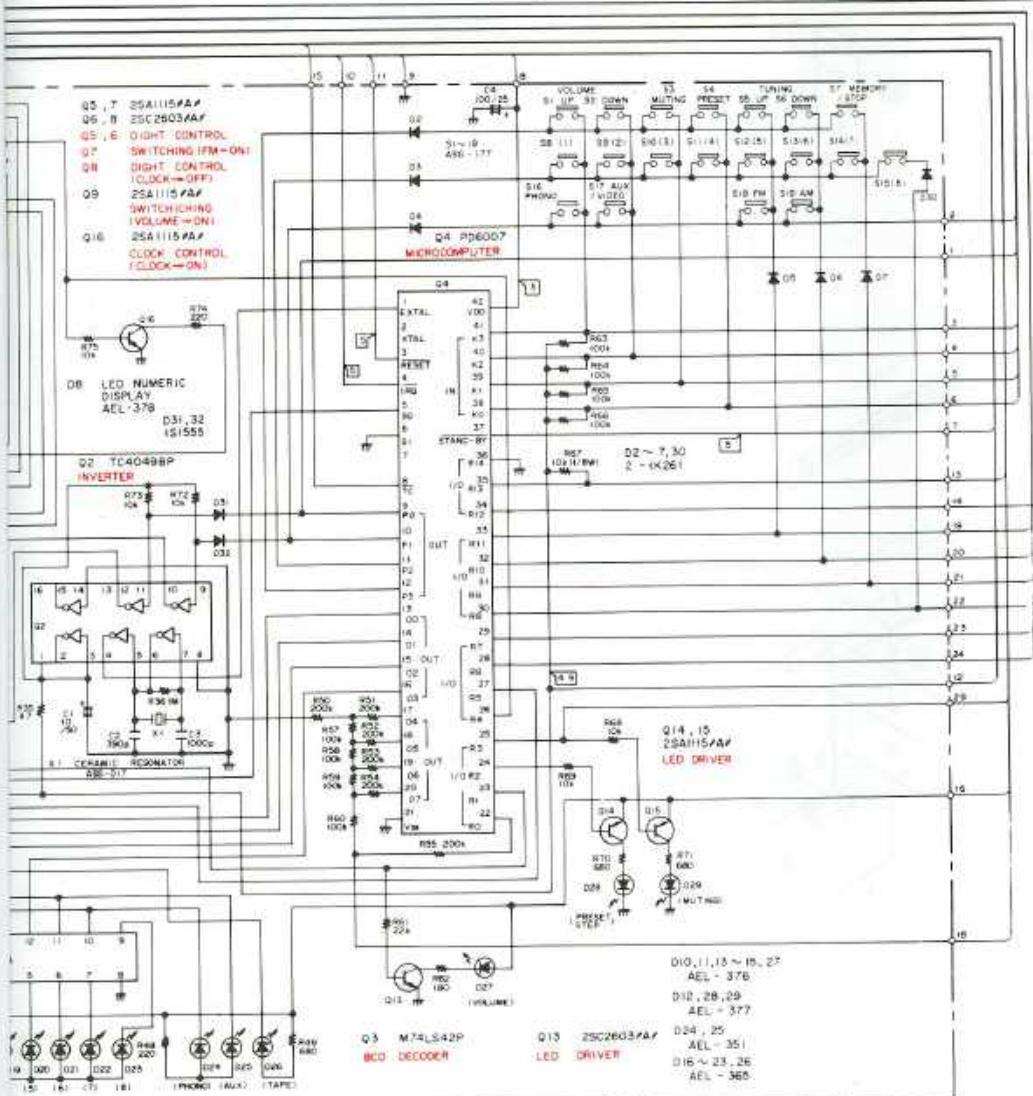
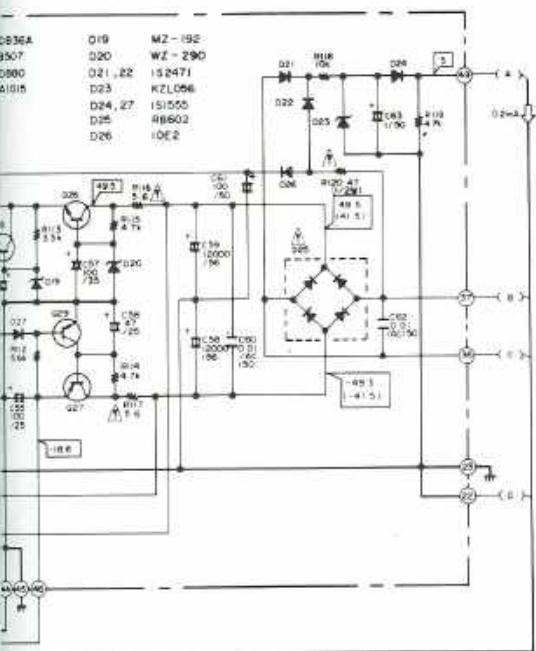
**NOTE:**

The indicated semiconductors are representative ones only. Other alternative semiconductors may be used and are listed in the parts list.

**SWITCHES**

S1	VOLUME (UP)	ON	- OFF
S2	VOLUME (DOWN)	ON	- OFF
S3	MUTING	ON	- OFF
S4	PRESET	ON	- OFF
S5	TUNING (UP)	ON	- OFF
S6	TUNING (DOWN)	ON	- OFF
S7	MEMORY / STOP	ON	- OFF
S8	STATION CALL (1)	ON	- OFF
S9	STATION CALL (2)	ON	- OFF
S10	STATION CALL (3)	ON	- OFF
S11	STATION CALL (4)	ON	- OFF
S12	STATION CALL (5)	ON	- OFF
S13	STATION CALL (6)	ON	- OFF
S14	STATION CALL (7)	ON	- OFF
S15	STATION CALL (8)	ON	- OFF
S16	INPUT (PHONO)	ON	- OFF
S17	INPUT (AUX/VIDEO)	ON	- OFF
S18	FM	ON	- OFF
S19	AM	ON	- OFF
S20	- 1 TUNING	AUTO	- MANUAL
S20	- 2 TUNING	ON	- OFF
S21	- 3 TAPE (A)	ON	- OFF
S21	- 4 TAPE 2/ADPT	ON	- OFF
S21	- 5 MONO / MUTE OFF	ON	- OFF
S21	- 6 SUBSONIC (SHL)	ON	- OFF
S21	- 7 LOUDNESS	ON	- OFF
S22	FM CHANNEL STEP	9KHz	- 10KHz
S23	PHONE	MC	- MM
S24	- 1 SPEAKERS (A)	ON	- OFF
S24	- 2 SPEAKERS (B)	ON	- OFF
S24	- 3 CLOCK	ON	- OFF
S25	POWER	ON	- OFF

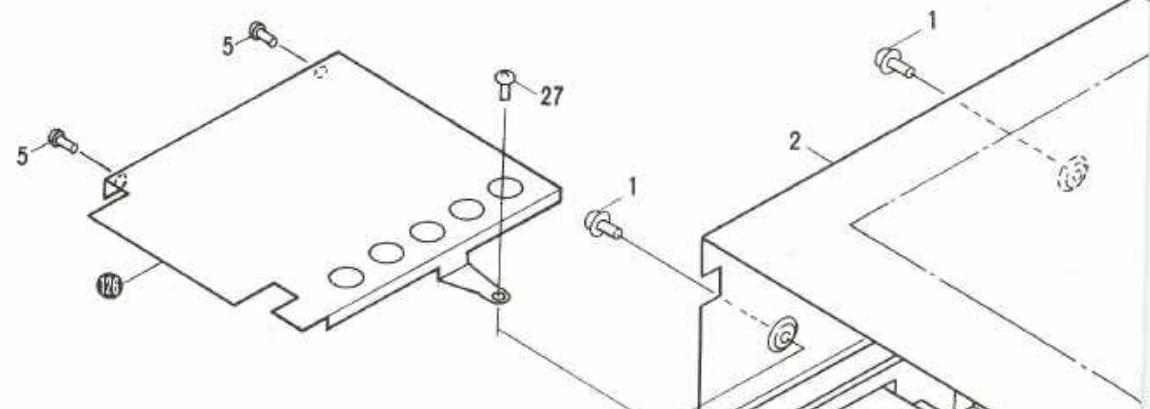
The underlined numbers are switch positions



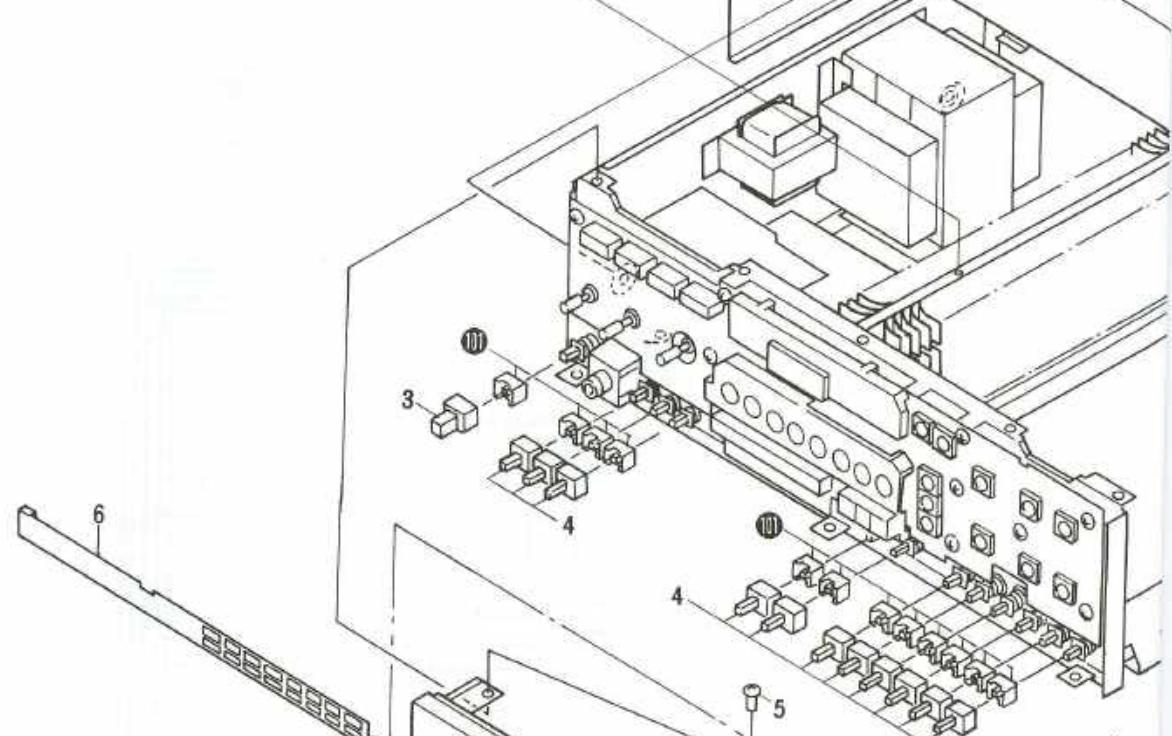
## 9. EXPLODED VIEW

### Exterior Components

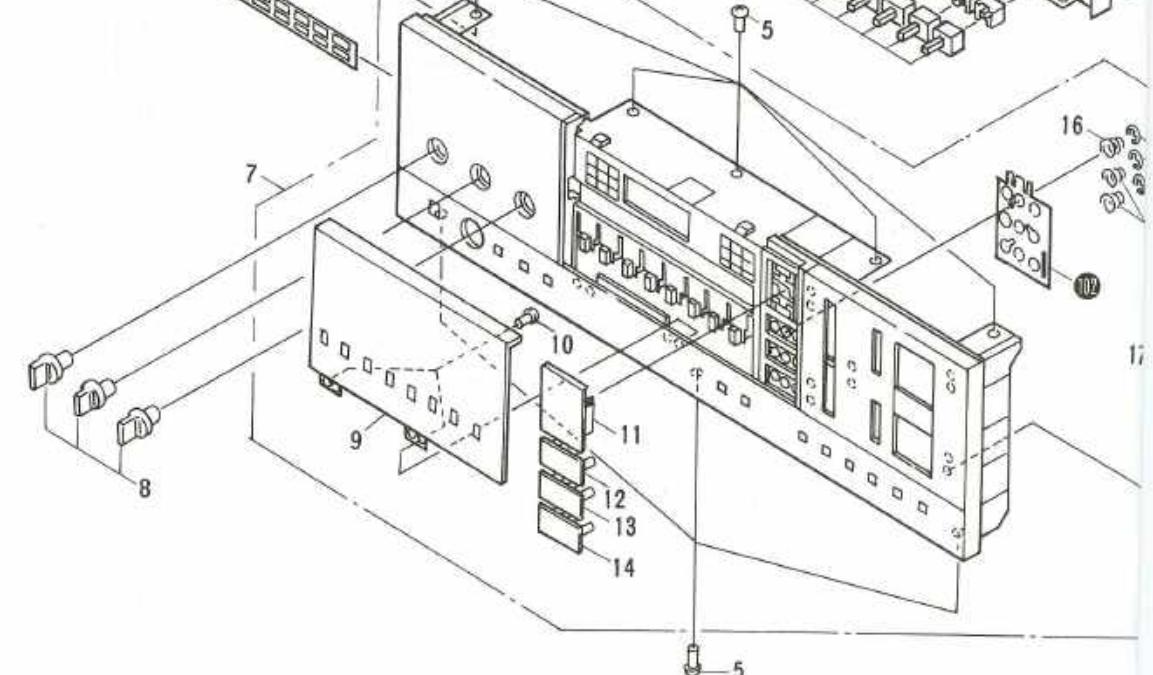
A



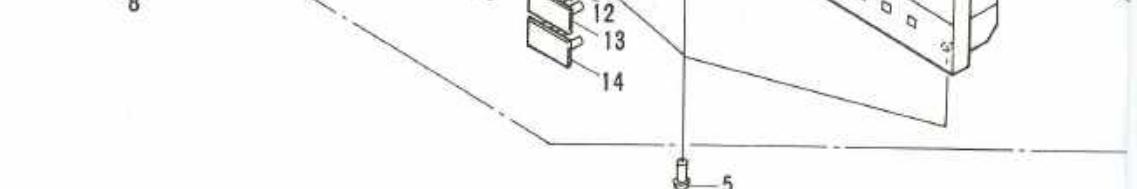
B

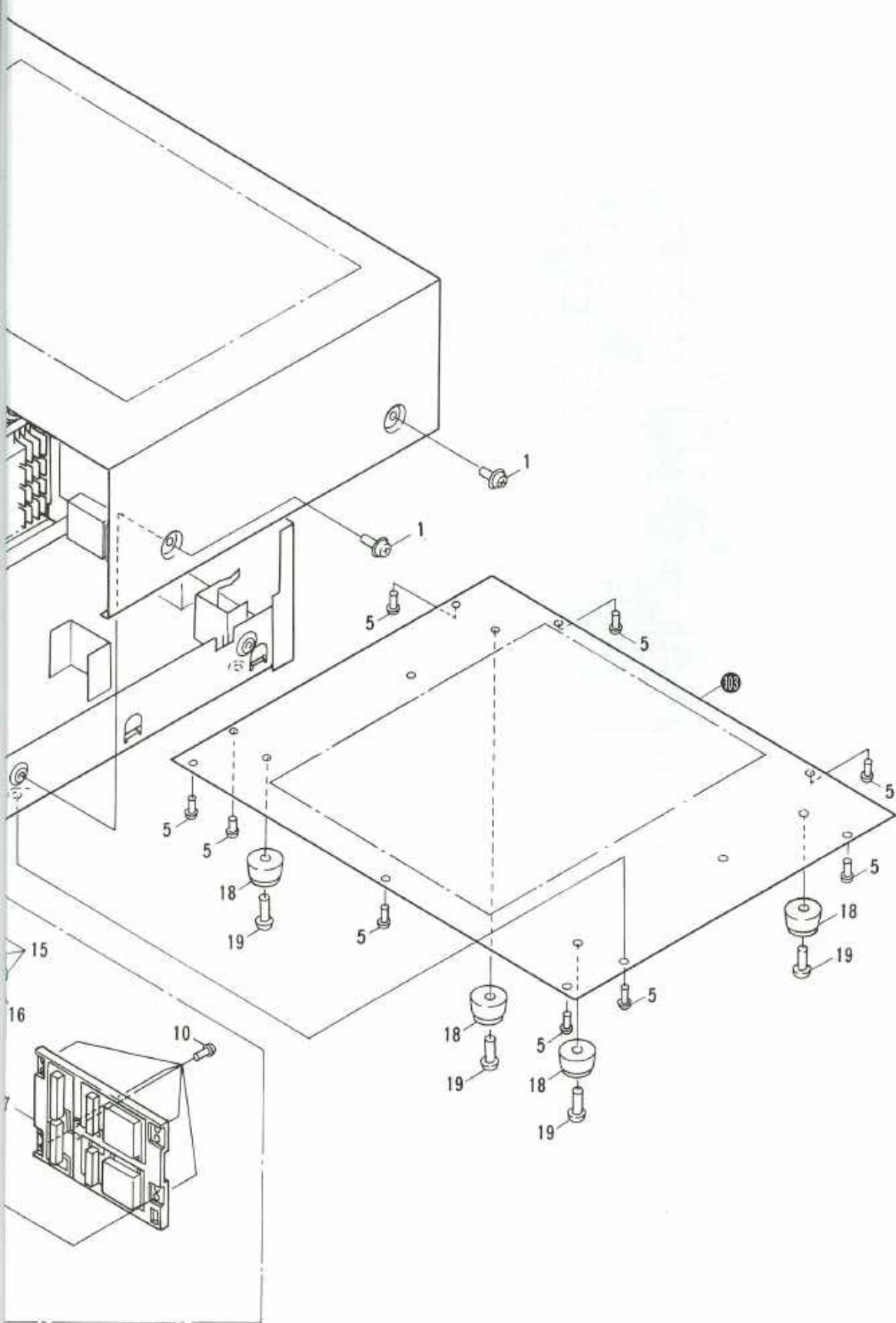


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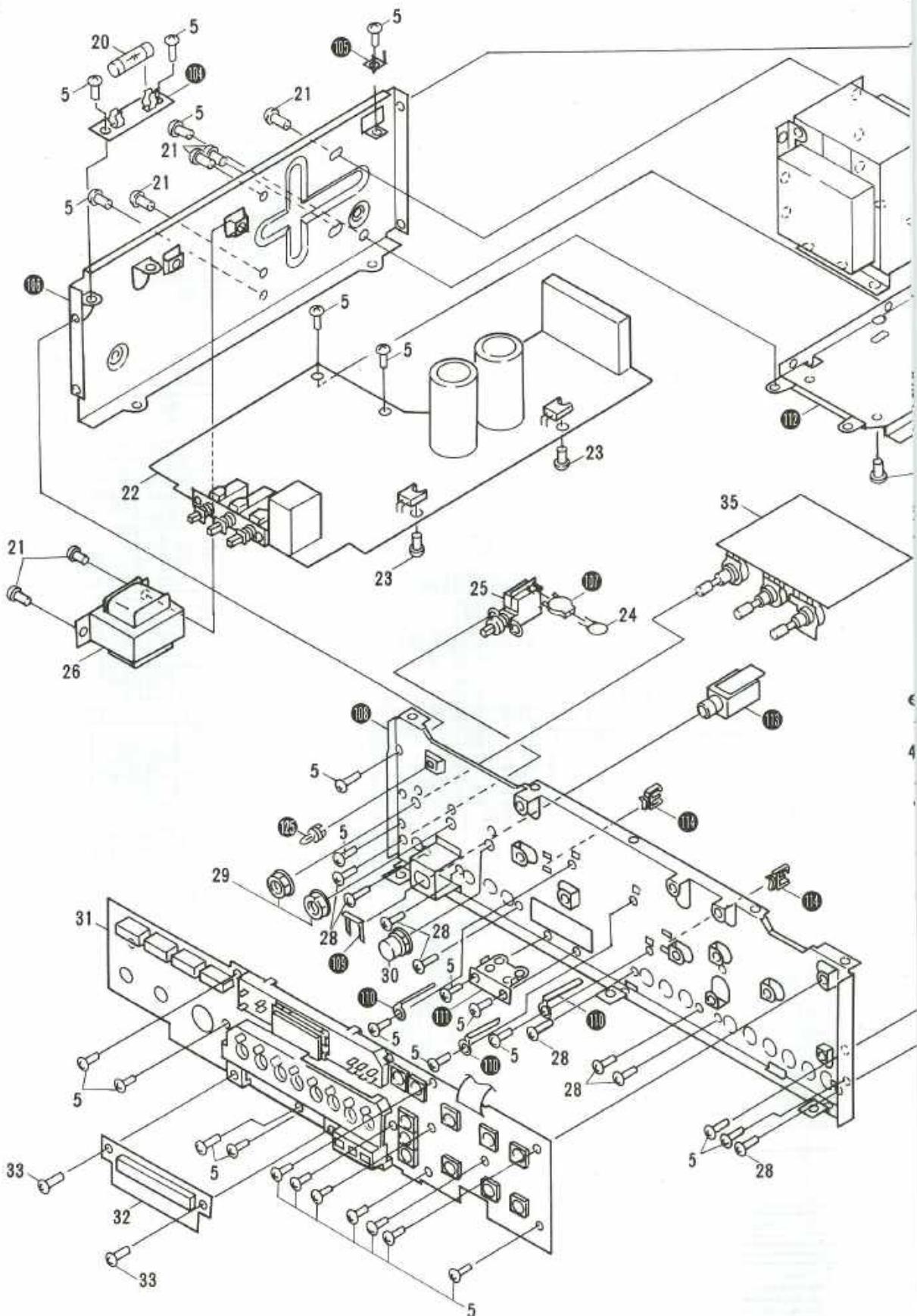


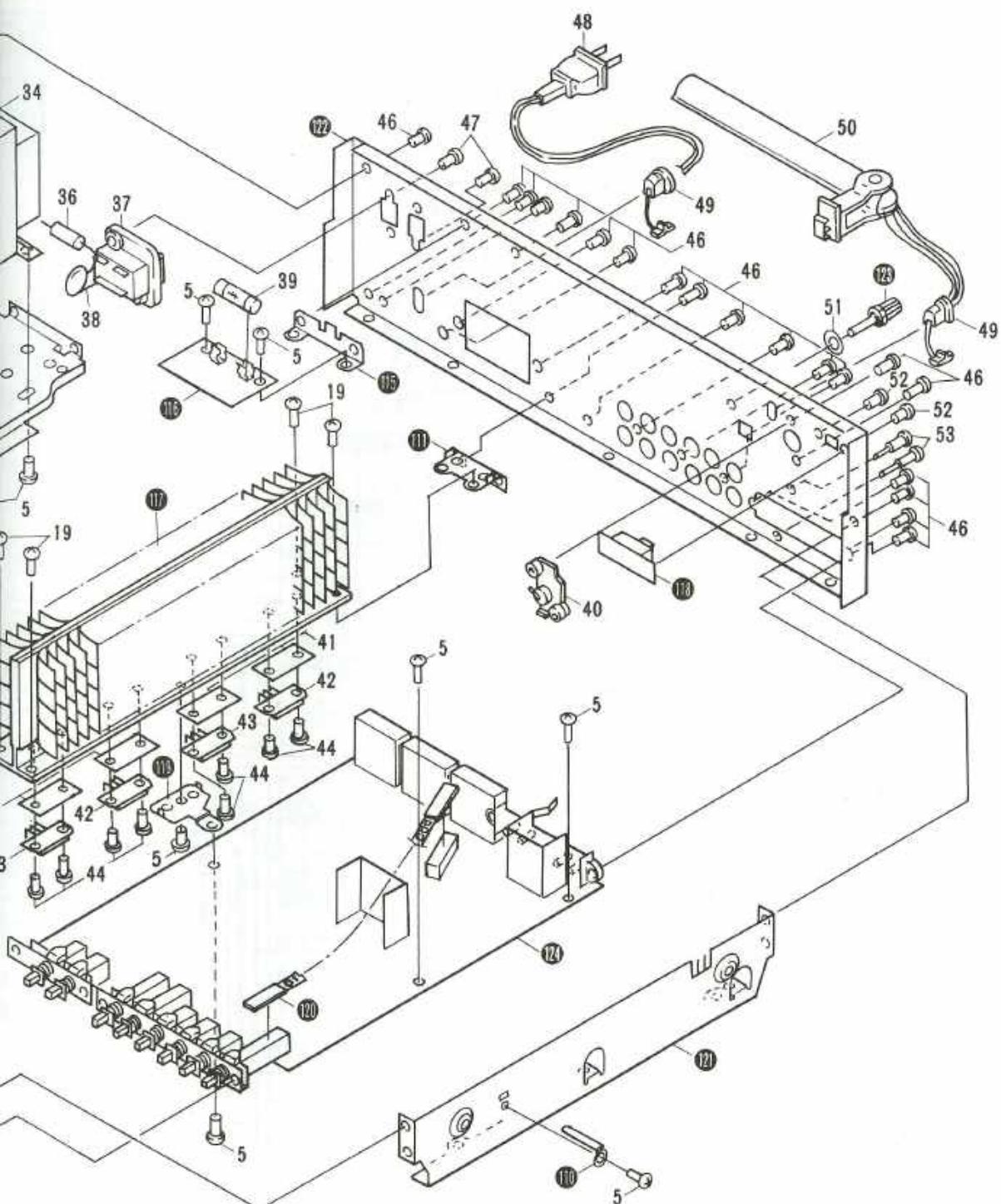
D





## Interior Components





A

B

C

D

## Parts List of Exploded View

## NOTES:

- Parts without part number cannot be supplied.
  - The mark found on some component parts indicates the importance of the safety factor of the part. Therefore, when replacing, be sure to use parts of identical designation.
  - For your Parts Stock Control, the fast moving items are indicated with the marks ★★ and ★.
- ★★ GENERALLY MOVES FASTER THAN ★  
This classification shall be adjusted by each distributor because it depends on model number, temperature, humidity, etc.

Mark	No.	Part No.	Description	Mark	No.	Part No.	Description
	1.	ABA-193	Screw		41.	AEC-488	Mica wafer
	2.	ANE-360	Top cover		42.	2SC2525/A-B, or G, or X* (Q2, Q4)	
	3.	AAD-406	Knob (POWER)		43.	2SA1075/A-B, or G, or X* (Q1, Q3)	
	4.	AAD-405	Knob		44.	ABA-258	Screw
	5.	VBZ30P060FMC	Screw 3X6		45.	.....	
	6.	ANR-450	Slider assembly		46.	BBT30P080FZK	Screw 3X8
	7.	ANM-065	Front panel assembly		47.	MTZ30P100FZK	Screw 3X10
	8.	AAB-274	Knob		48.	ADG-052	AC power cord
	9.	ANR-459	Display cover		49.	AEC-327	Strain relief
	10.	BBZ26P050FMC	Screw 2.6X5		50.	ATB-631	Bar-antenna assembly
	11.	AAD-401	Knob (TUNING)		51.	WA35F100N080	Washer
	12.	AAD-402	Knob (FM)		52.	PMZ30P060FZB	Screw 3X6
	13.	AAD-403	Knob (AM)		53.	ABA-176	Terminal screw
	14.	AAD-404	Knob (MEMORY/STOP)		54.		
	15.	ABE-072	CS-type washer		55.		
	16.	ABH-088	Coiled spring		101.		Flexible joint
	17.	AAD-407	Knob array		102.		Grounding plate
	18.	AEC-083	Foot assembly		103.		Bottom plate
	19.	VTZ40P100FMC	Screw 4X10		104.		Fuse holder assembly B
	20.	AEK-103	Fuse (2A, FU2)		105.		Ground terminal 2-P
	21.	BMZ40P080FZB	Screw 4X8		106.		Side frame L
	22.	GWK-188	AF assembly		107.		Insulation cover
	23.	ABA-234	Screw 3X12		108.		Panel stay
	24.	ACG-001	Ceramic capacitor		109.		Stopper
	25.	ASG-521	Push switch (POWER)		110.		Cord fixer
	26.	ATT-847	Power transformer (T2)		111.		Heat sink holder
	27.	ABA-252	Screw 3X8		112.		Transformer frame
	28.	VMZ30P060FMC	Screw 3X6		113.		Headphones jack assembly
	29.	ABN-048	Washerfaced nut		114.		Wire saddle
	30.	ABN-028	Union nut		115.		P.C.board holder A
	31.	AWX-223	Control assembly		116.		Fuse holder assembly A
★	32.	AAV-305	LED level meter module		117.		Heat sink
	33.	BBZ30P060FZK	Screw 3X6		118.		Switch assembly **
	34.	ATT-842	Power transformer (T1)		119.		P.C.board holder B
	35.	GWG-160	Tone control assembly		120.		Remote belt
	36.	ACN-029	Carbon composition resistor		121.		Side frame R
	37.	AKP-039	AC socket (AC OUTLETS)		122.		Rear panel
	38.	ACG-017	Ceramic capacitor		123.		Terminal (GND)
	39.	AEK-108	Fuse (5A, FU1)		124.		Tuner assembly**
	40.	AKB-076	Terminal (AM STEREO OUT)		125.		P.C board holder
					126.		Shield plate

\*\* 118,124 AWE-114

Tuner assembly

## 10. ADJUSTMENTS

### Idle Current Adjustment

- Turn VR1 (L) and VR2 (R) fully around in the counter-clockwise.
- Without any load or input signal, turn POWER switch ON and let stand for 10 minutes.
- Set the SPEAKERS A switch to the ON position.

Adjustment Point	Prescribed value	Measuring terminal
VR1 (L)	30mV±15mV	Between terminal TP-L (+) and SPEAKERS A (L) terminal on the rear panel.
VR2 (R)	30mV±15mV	Between terminal TP-R (+) and SPEAKERS A (R) terminal on the rear panel.

### FM Tuner

- Connect the FM signal generator (FM SG) to the FM ANTENNA 300Ω terminal through a 300Ω dummy antenna.
- Set the AUTO/MANUAL switch to the MANUAL position, the FM (FUNCTION) switch to the ON position and the MODE MONO (MUTE OFF) switch to the MONO (MUTE OFF) position.
- (\*) Tune the FM SG to the SX-7.
- (\*) Connect the FM multiplex stereo signal generator to the FM SG external modulator terminal. Set the modulation to Main 1kHz/L+R/±67.5kHz deviation, Pilot 19kHz/±7.5kHz deviation.

Step	FM SG (400Hz, ±75kHz deviation)		SX-7 Frequency display	Adjustment point	Adjustment procedure
	Frequency	Level			
1	No signal		87.5MHz	L5	7.2V DC between terminal no.7 and ground.
2.	No signal		108.0MHz	TC4	24V DC between terminal no.7 and ground.
3.	Repeat steps 1 and 2 until both specifications are correct.				
4.	90.0MHz (*1)	60dB	90.0MHz	L1,L2,L3	Adjust until DC voltage between terminal no.46 and ground is maximum.
5	106.0MHz (*1)	60dB	106.0MHz	TC1,TC2,TC3	
6	Repeat steps 4 and 5 until maximum sensitivity is attained.				
7	98.0MHz (*1)	60dB	98.0MHz	T1	Adjust until DC voltage between terminal no.46 and ground is maximum.
8	98.000MHz**	60dB	98.0MHz	T2 (CENTER)	0V DC between terminal no.44 and no.45.
9	98.000MHz**	60dB	98.0MHz	T2 (DIST)	Adjust until distortion at TAPE 1 REC terminal is minimum.
10	Repeat steps 8 and 9 until both requirement are satisfied.				
11	Set the MODE MONO switch to the STEREO position.				
12	98.0MHz (*1)	60dB (not modulation)	98.0MHz	VR2	Adjust signal at terminal no.11 to 19kHz (±100Hz).
13	98.0MHz (*1) Set to stereo modulation (*2)	60dB Set to stereo modulation (*2)	98.0MHz	T1 (within ±90°)	Adjust until distortion at TAPE 1 REC L or R terminal is minimum.
14	98.0MHz (*1) Set to stereo modulation (*2)	31dB Set to stereo modulation (*2)	98.0MHz	VR1	Obtain a position just prior to activation of the muting circuit and light up the STEREO indicator.

\* Frequency must be accurate.

**AM Tuner**

- Connect the AM signal generator (AM SG) to the AM ANTENNA terminal through a  $10k\Omega$  resistor.
- Set the AM (FUNCTION) switch to the ON position and AM CHANNEL STEP switch (on the rear panel) to 10kHz position.
- (\*) Tune the AM SG to the SX-7.

Step	AM SG (400Hz, 30% modulation)		SX-7 Frequency display	Adjustment point	Adjustment procedure
	Frequency	Level			
1	No signal		520kHz	L101	2V DC between terminal no.7 and ground.
2	No signal		1620kHz	TC102	25V DC between terminal no.7 and ground.
3	Repeat steps 1 and 2 until both specifications are correct.				
4	600kHz (*3)	40dB	600kHz	Bar antenna	Adjust until DC voltage between terminal no.46 and ground is maximum.
5	1400kHz (*3)	40dB	1400kHz	TC101	
6	Repeat steps 4 and 5 until maximum sensitivity is attained				

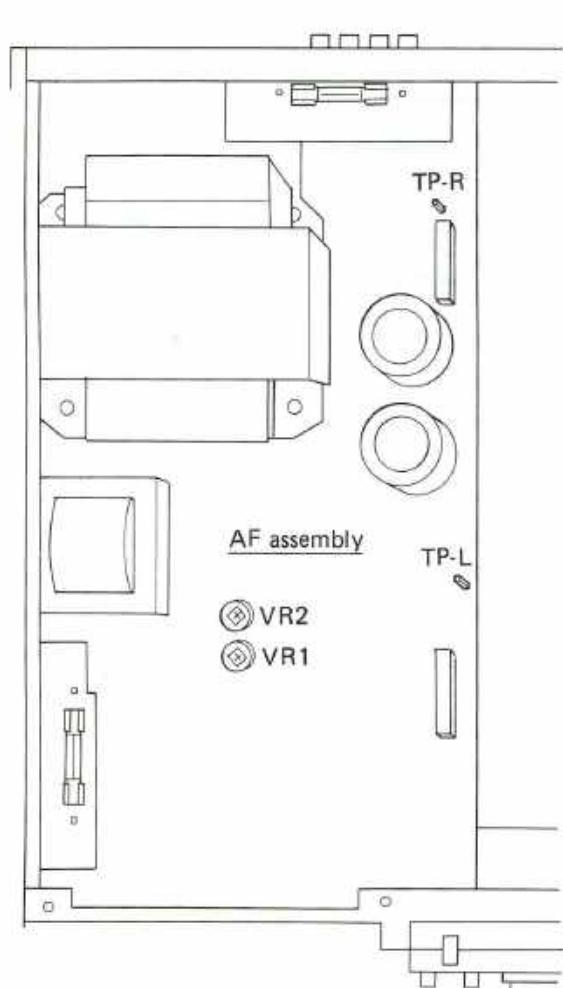


Fig. 10-1 Idle current adjustment

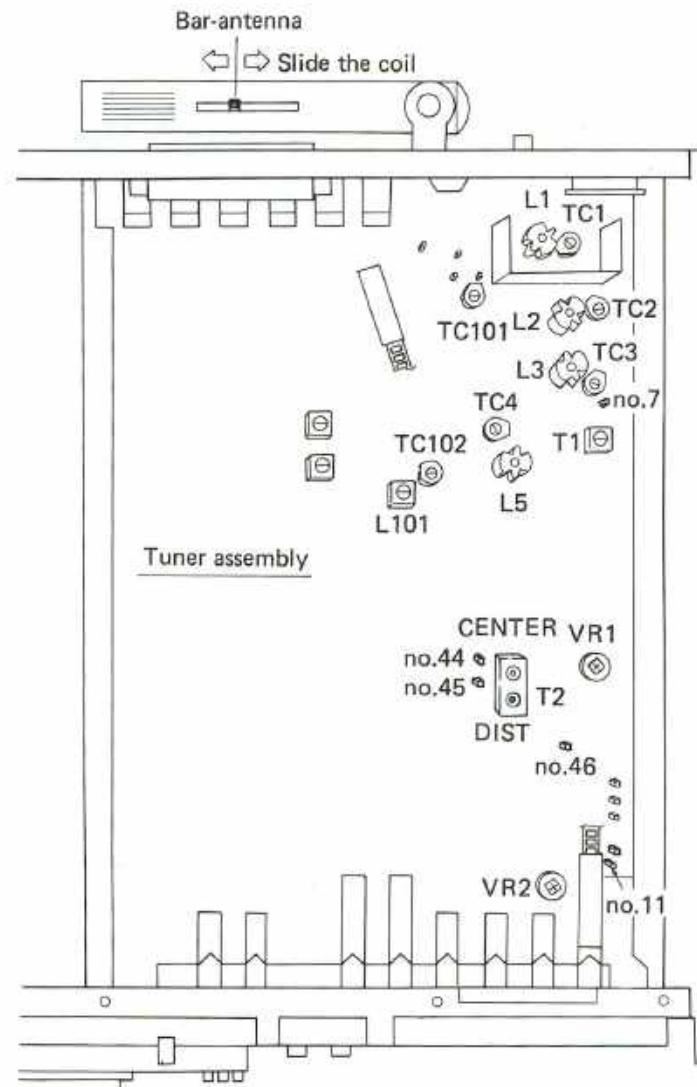


Fig. 10-2 FM and AM tuner adjustments

## 10. RÉGLAGE

### Réglage du courant déwatté

- Tourner VR1 (gauche) et VR2 (droit) complètement dans le sens contraire des aiguilles d'une montre.
- Régler l'interrupteur général sur ON sans appliquer de charge (POWER) ou de signal d'entrée et laisser en position d'attente pendant 10 minutes.
- Régler le sélecteur d'enceintes A (SPEAKERS) sur la position ON.

Point de réglage	Valeur prescrite	Borne de mesure
VR1 (gauche)	30mV±15mV	Entre la borne d'épreuve point-gauche (TP-L) (+) et la borne SPEAKERS A (gauche) sur le panneau arrière.
VR2 (droit)	30mV±15mV	Entre la borne d'épreuve point-droit (TP-R) (+) et la borne SPEAKERS A (droit) sur le panneau arrière.

### Tuner FM

- Raccorder le générateur de signaux (FM SG) sur la borne de l'antenne FM (FM ANTENNA)  $300\Omega$  par l'intermédiaire d'une antenne factice  $300\Omega$ .
- Régler le commutateur AUTO/MANUAL sur la position MANUAL, le commutateur FM (FUNCTION) sur la position ON et le commutateur MODE MONO (MUTE OFF) sur la position MONO (MUTE OFF).
- (\*1) Accorder le générateur de signaux FM sur SX-7.
- (\*2) Raccorder le générateur de signaux FM stéréo multiplex sur la borne du modulateur externe FM SG. Régler la modulation sur déviation principale  $1\text{kHz}$  / gauche+droit ( $L+R$ ) /  $\pm 67,5\text{kHz}$ , déviation de synchronisation  $19\text{kHz}$  /  $\pm 7,5\text{kHz}$ .

Phase	FM SG (400Hz, ±75kHz déviation)		Affichage de fréquence SX-7	Point de réglage	Procédure de réglage
	Fréquence	Niveau			
1	Pas de signal	87,5MHz	L5		7,2V CC entre la borne n° 7 et la borne de terre.
2	Pas de signal	108,0MHz	TC4		24V CC entre la borne n° 7 et la borne de terre.
3	Répéter les phases 1 et 2 afin d'obtenir les deux caractéristiques correctes.				
4	90,0MHz (*1)	60dB	90,0MHz	L1, L2, L3	Régler afin d'obtenir la tension CC maximum entre la borne n° 46 et la borne de terre.
5	106,0MHz (*1)	60dB	106,0MHz	TC1, TC2, TC3	
6	Répéter les phases 4 et 5 afin d'obtenir la sensibilité maximum.				
7	98,0MHz (*1)	60dB	98,0MHz	T1	Régler afin d'obtenir la tension CC maximum entre la borne n° 46 et la borne de terre.
8	98,000MHz**	60dB	98,0MHz	T2 (CENTRE)	0V CC entre la borne n° 44 et la borne n° 45.
9	98,000MHz**	60dB	98,0MHz	T2 (DIST)	Régler afin d'obtenir la distorsion minimum à la borne TAPE 1 REC.
10	Répéter les phases 8 et 9 afin d'obtenir les deux conditions requises.				
11	Régler le commutateur MODE MONO sur la position STEREO.				
12	98,0MHz (*1)	60dB (pas de modulation)	98,0MHz	VR2	Régler le signal à la borne n° 11 sur 19kHz ( $\pm 100\text{Hz}$ ).
13	98,0MHz (*1) Régler sur modulation stéréo (*2)	60dB	98,0MHz	T1 (entre $\pm 90^\circ$ )	Régler afin d'obtenir la distorsion minimum à la borne TAPE 1 REC L ou R.
14	98,0MHz (*1) Régler sur modulation stéréo (*2)	31dB	98,0MHz	VR1	Régler sur la position précédant l'excitation du circuit d'atténuation et allumant l'indicateur STEREO.

\*\*La fréquence doit être précise.

**Tuner AM**

- Raccorder le générateur de signaux AM (AM SG) sur la borne d'antenne AM (AM ANTENNA) par l'intermédiaire d'un résistor de  $10\text{ k}\Omega$ .
- Régler le commutateur AM (FUNCTION) sur la position ON et le commutateur AM CHANNEL STEP (situé sur le panneau arrière) sur la position  $10\text{ kHz}$ .
- (\*3) Accorder le générateur de signaux AM SG sur SX-7.

Phase	AM SG (400Hz, 30% modulation)		Affichage de fréquence SX-7	Point de réglage	Procédure de réglage
	Fréquence	Niveau			
1	Pas de signal		520kHz	L101	2V CC entre la borne n° 7 et la borne de terre.
2	Pas de signal		1620kHz	TC102	25V CC entre la borne n° 7 et la borne de terre.
3	Répéter les phases 1 et 2 afin d'obtenir les deux caractéristiques correctes.				
4	600kHz (*3)	40dB	600kHz	Antenne -tige	Régler afin d'obtenir la tension CC maximum entre la borne n° 46 et la borne de terre.
5	1400kHz (*3)	40dB	1400kHz	TC101	
6	Répéter les phases 4 et 5 afin d'obtenir la sensibilité maximum.				

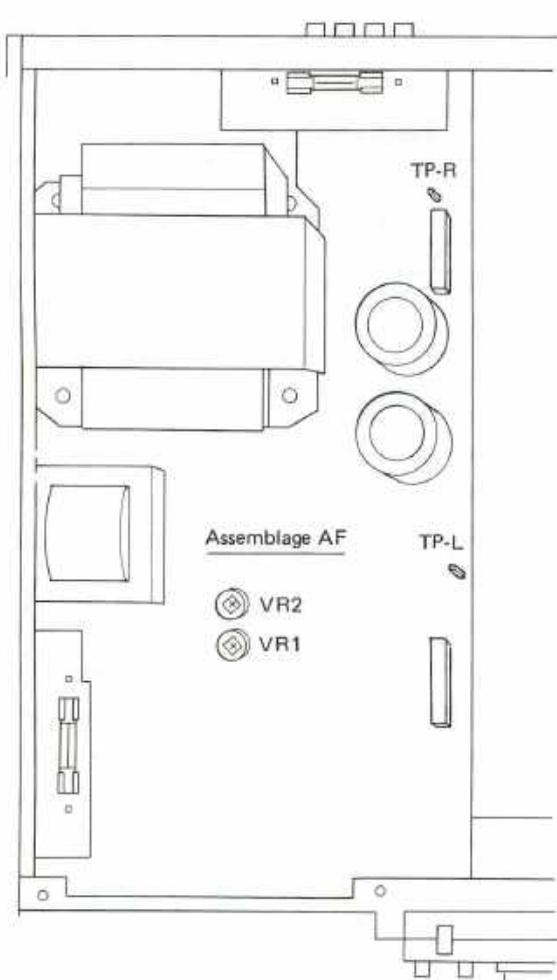


Fig. 10-1 Réglage du courant déwatté

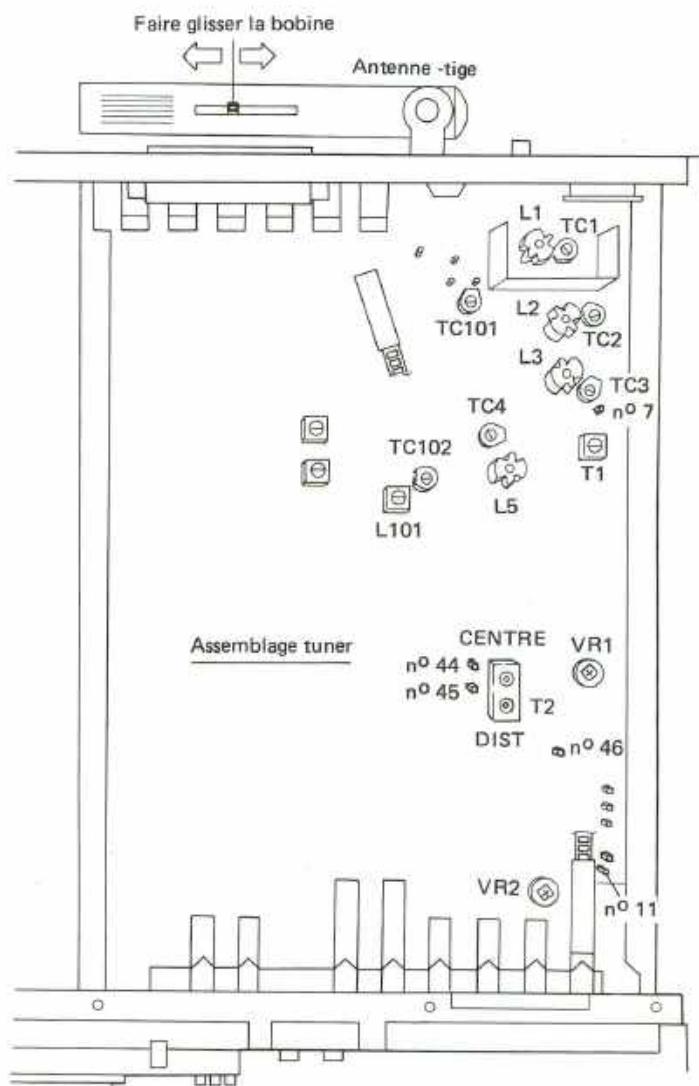


Fig. 10-2 Réglage du tuner FM/AM

## 10. AJUSTE

### Ajuste de la corriente deviada

- Girar completamente VR1 (izq.) y VR2 (der.) hacia la izquierda.
- Sin ninguna carga ni señal de entrada, poner el interruptor de la alimentación (POWER) en la posición ON y dejarlo así durante 10 minutos.
- Poner el selector A de altavoces (SPEAKERS) en la posición ON.

Punto de ajuste	Valor prescrito	Terminal de medición
VR1 (izq.)	30mV±15mV	Entre el terminal de prueba de punto - izq. (TP-L) (+) y el terminal SPEAKERS A (izq.) del panel posterior.
VR2 (der.)	30mV±15mV	Entre el terminal de prueba de punto - der. (TP-R) (+) y el terminal SPEAKERS A (der.) del panel posterior.

### Sintonizador de FM

- Conectar el generador de señales de FM (FM SG) al terminal FM ANTENNA 300Ω a través de una antena ficticia de 300ohmios.
- Conectar el selector AUTO/MANUAL en la posición MANUAL, el selector de función de FM en la posición ON y el de modo de MONO (MUTE OFF) en la posición MONO (MUTE OFF).
- (\*) Sintonizar el FM SG con el SX-7.
- (\*) Conectar un generador de señales estereofónicas de FM multiplex al terminal modulador exterior del FM SG. Ajustar la modulación a Principal 1kHz / Izq. + Der. (L+R) / ±67,5kHz de desviación; Piloto 19kHz / ±7,5kHz de desviación.

Paso	FM SG (400Hz, ±75kHz desviación)		Frecuencímetro del SX-7	Punto de ajuste	Procedimientos de ajuste
	Frecuencia	Nivel			
1	Sin señal		87,5MHz	L5	7,2V CC entre el terminal no. 7 y masa.
2	Sin señal		108,0MHz	TC4	24V CC entre el terminal no. 7 y masa.
3	Repetir los pasos 1 y 2 hasta que ambas especificaciones sean correctas.				
4	90,0MHz (*1)	60dB	90,0MHz	L1, L2, L3	Ajustar hasta que la tensión de CC entre el terminal no. 46 y masa sea la máxima.
5	106,0MHz (*1)	60dB	106,0MHz	TC1 TC2, TC3	
6	Repetir los pasos 4 y 5 hasta lograrse la máxima sensibilidad.				
7	98,0MHz (*1)	60dB	98,0MHz	T1	Ajustar hasta que la tensión de CC entre el terminal no. 46 y masa sea la máxima.
8	98,000MHz**	60dB	98,0MHz	T2 (CENTER)	0V CC entre el terminal no. 44 y el no. 45.
9	98,000MHz**	60dB	98,0MHz	T2 (DIST)	Ajustar hasta que la distorsión en el terminal TAPE 1 REC sea la mínima.
10	Repetir los pasos 8 y 9 hasta que se satisfagan ambos requisitos.				
11	Poner el selector MODE MONO en la posición STEREO.				
12	98,0MHz (*1)	60dB (sin modulación)	98,0MHz	VR2	Ajustar la señal en el terminal no. 11 a 19kHz (±100Hz).
13	98,0MHz (*1) Ajustar a modulación estereofónica (*2)	60dB	98,0MHz	T1 (dentro de ±90°)	Ajustar hasta que la distorsión en el terminal TAPE 1 REC L o R sea la mínima.
14	98,0MHz (*1) Ajustar a modulación estereofónica (*2)	31dB	98,0MHz	VR1	Obtener una posición anterior a la activación del circuito de silenciamiento y antes de que se ilumine el indicador STEREO.

\*\* La frecuencia tiene que ser precisa.

### Sintonizador de AM

- Conectar el generador de señales de AM (AM SG) al terminal AM ANTENNA a través de un resistor de 10Kohmios.
- Poner el selector de función de AM en la posición ON y el de AM CHANNEL STEP (del panel posterior) en la posición de 10kHz.
- (\*) Sintonizar el AM SG con el SX-7.

Paso	AM SG (400Hz, 30% modulación)		Frecuencímetro del SX-7	Punto de ajuste	Procedimientos de ajuste
	Frecuencia	Nivel			
1	Sin señal		520kHz	L101	2V CC entre el terminal no. 7 y masa.
2	Sin señal		1620kHz	TC102	25V CC entre el terminal no. 7 y masa.
3	Repetir los pasos 1 y 2 hasta que ambas especificaciones sean correctas.				
4	600kHz (*)	40dB	600kHz	Antena de barra	Ajustar hasta que la tensión de CC entre el terminal no. 46 y masa sea la máxima.
5	1400kHz (*)	40dB	1400kHz	TC101	
6	Repetir los pasos 4 y 5 hasta logarse la máxima sensibilidad.				

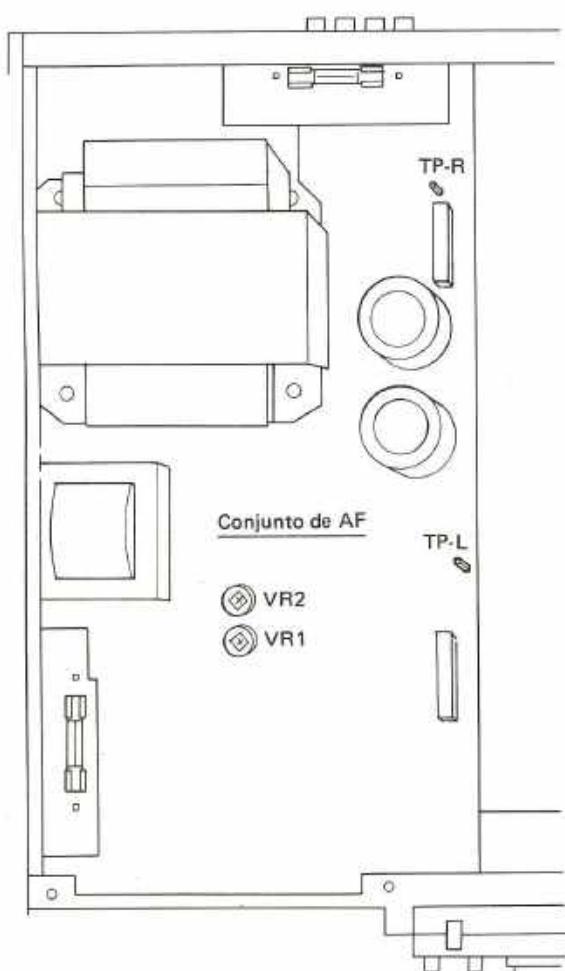


Fig. 10-1 Ajuste de la corriente desvatada

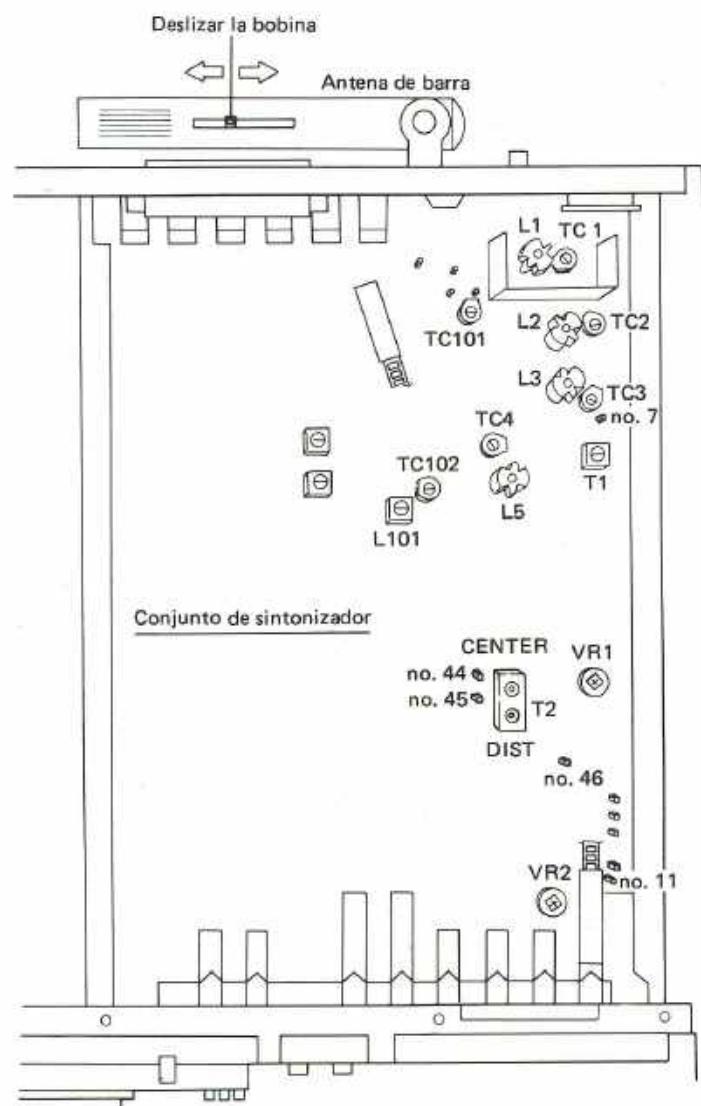


Fig. 10-2 Ajuste del sintonizador de FM/AM